The Fresno Morning Republican.

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NOT READY TO VOTE

Senators Delay Action on the Canal Bill.

PERKINS AND WHITE URGE HASTE.

An Unusually Large Number of Bills Disposed of in the House.

WASHINGTON, February 1.—The Nicaragua bill occupied the attention of the senate most of the day, but no progress was made toward a final vote. Mr. Morgan, in charge of the measure, sought to secure an agreement to vote tomorrow or Thursday, but the opponents of the measure, led by Mr. Vilas and Mr. Daniel, resisted an agreement. While disclaiming any purpose of obstruction or filibustering against the bill, the opposition insisted it was of such grave moment as to demand complete discussion.

Mr. Vilas was appealed to from many quarters. Mr. Hoar added a high tribute to the Wisconsin senator and said it was hoped Mr. Vilas' term, about to close, would not develop an obstruction calculated to defeat not only the canal bill, but also the bankruptcy bill and many other important questions. Mr. Davis, Republican of Minneapolis, in a similar appeal, said the sentiment in the West was most urgent for the speedy consideration of the bankruptcy bill.

Mr. Daniel, Democrat of Virginia, reinforced Mr. Vilas in saying that no present arrangement for a vote was possible. Many new diplomatic questions connected with the canal had arisen. He had several amendments to propose. The measure was too momentous to be hurried to a vote.

The debate became general, the California senators, White and Perkins, urging speedy action, and Mr. Caffery, Democrat of Louisiana, and Mr. Vilas opposing precipitate action.

Answering the appeals made to him, Mr. Vilas said the opposition was inspired by no personal motives, but he regarded it as a grave public duty that the recklessness of the canal project should be elaborately presented to the senate and the country.

The senator analyzed and criticized the bill, section by section. He regarded section 7 as disclosing the "mouse in the meal." It provided reimbursement to the old Nicaraguan Canal Company for all expenses, cost of promotion, etc., up to $4,300,000, with interest. This section was positive in terms and would go into effect, though all the rest of the bill and the canal failed of execution. The property of this company, according to the government engineers, was hardly worth $600,000.

Instead of offering military and naval advantage to the United States the canal was a dangerous menace, as it would expose our western coast to the attacks of the navies of Europe.

Mr. Vilas did not conclude his remarks before adjournment.

A resolution by Mr. Stewart of Nevada was agreed to, requesting the secretary of the interior for information as to the progress of the survey in Alaska during the last year.

As a result of recent allegations of political irregularities in Delaware, Mr. Chandler, Republican of New Hampshire, offered a resolution directing the senate committee on privileges and elections to inquire into all the circumstances of the recent Delaware elections, and particularly to inquire whether there existed, for the benefit of the Democratic party, a conspiracy among certain evil minded persons to overcome regular election results and establish a domocracy in the state legislature. The resolution was referred.

At the request of Mr. Hill, senate bills pensioning the widow of the late Brigadier General Joseph B. Carrel at $75 per month, and the widow of the Brigadier General John Hough at $50 per month, were passed.

Mr. Hoar, Republican of Massachusetts, introduced a bill for consolidating the United States circuit and district courts. The senator said the bill was of great importance and was introduced to inaugurate consideration of the subject without expectation of speedy action.

At 5 p. m. a brief executive session was held and the senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, February 1.—The house had a busy day today. An unusually large number of bills were passed, but few of them were of any considerable importance. It was suspension day and the usual obstructive tactics were prevailing. The bills passed included the old bill which has been pending before congress for so many years to retire John N. Quackenbush, who was court-martialed and suspended from the naval service in 1874 for drunkenness, as a commander, under date of June 1, 1865; also a bill to reimburse the heirs of Albert Augustine of Rose Hill, Ia., in the sum of $350 for two cows destroyed in the Cayuse war in 1848. While a bill to reduce the amount allowed steamboat inspectors for traveling expenses was under consideration, Mr. Grosvenor, Republican of Ohio, took occasion to remark upon the "sudden outburst of economy" displayed by the present administration on the eve of its outgoing, "in the matter of salaries and fees." About 4.30 the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was taken up and fair progress made before the hour of adjournment. An ineffectual attempt was made to strike out the appropriation of $6000 appropriated by the United States annually under the provisions of the Berlin treaty for the maintenance of the King of Samoa and the present government of the Samoan islands.

SPECIAL SESSION.

The United States Senate May Convene March 4th.

CHICAGO, February 1.—A *News* Washington special says: A special session of the senate to meet March 4th or 5th immediately on the inauguration of the new President is now on the cards. The house, it is said, will not meet until March 15th. The new ways and means committee will make its report to the house March 22d, and it is proposed to pass the new tariff bill within a fortnight from that time.

The Republican leaders have already canvassed the senate and they expect the bill to pass by June 15th at the latest and go into effect by July 1st.

A Four-Round Knockout.

SACRAMENTO, February 1.—Fred Muller knocked out I. McQueeney in the fourth round tonight before the Sacramento Athletic Club. Muller fought unfairly, but would probably have won anyhow.

SEVERAL VICTIMS.

The Forgers Cashed a Check at Kutner-Goldstein's.

The operations of the forgers, a complete account of whose arrest was published in Sunday's REPUBLICAN, appear to have been more extensive than was at first supposed.

It came out yesterday that several persons were victimized by the rascals. The Kutner-Goldstein Company is one of the sufferers. Saturday evening John Murray entered the clothing department and bought a pair of trousers worth $3. He presented a check for $27 which the clerk accepted, giving Murray $24 change.

The clerk went to the jail yesterday and identified Murray as the man who passed the check, which had C. J. Craycroft's name forged to it. Murray, however, did not have on the trousers. Deputy Sheriff Timmins made a brief investigation and found that Murray had changed garments with Joe Middleton, who is awaiting trial for robbery.

Last evening it was stated that two checks forged by Wilson and Murray had been presented at the First National bank by victims. Cashier Walrond immediately saw that they were forgeries and so stated, much to the discomfiture of those who innocently presented them.

It appears that Wilson wrote out the checks and Murray attended to the business of passing them. Sheriff Nichols of Orange county, where Wilson is wanted for a similar crime, was expected on this morning's train to take the prisoner back to Santa Ana. Murray will be held here as there is a sure case against him.

What led more than anything else to Wilson's identification and capture was a cast in one of his eyes. There was no attempt to imitate the handwriting of the persons whose signatures appear on the bogus checks.

May Be Another Murder.

Coroner Long went to the West Side yesterday afternoon, having received word that a dead man had been found in a culvert about two miles above Jamison. Foul play is suspected.

MATEO SABLAN'S SUICIDE

THE BARBER DRANK CARBOLIC ACID.

He Was Despondent Over Poor Business and His Wife's Intemperance.

Mateo Sablan, who lived on E street between Mariposa and Fresno streets, committed suicide some time Sunday night by drinking carbolic acid.

Sablan used to run a barber shop under the Fiske block on the Mariposa street side, but he had to give that up some time ago and opened a little shop on K street, near Fresno. He was a quiet little Mexicano, brown as the proverbial berry and white haired. He was polite in his intercourse with other people and made himself liked by all with whom he came in contact.

The cause of his rash deed was despondency, brought about by poor business and family troubles. Some say he had taken to drink latterly, but this his friends deny. They say he took a drop sometimes, but did not drink to excess.

Sablan's chief trouble was with his wife. She has an inordinate thirst for liquor and it is said manages to keep drunk most of the time. The little barber tried very hard to break his wife of the habit, but Mrs. Sablan refused to part with her elegant thirst.

Sablan suggested the Keeley cure. Would go away and leave Mateo to the wiles of other senoras? Never! She was too jealous to do that. At least she represented she was, though it may be suspected that Mr. Keeley is not *persona grata* with her and she preferred something made by a different kind of "mixologist."

On Sunday night Sablan and his wife had a quarrel. The barber said he was tired of the way his worse half was acting, and Mrs. Sablan retorted that Mateo was lazy because he would not keep his shop open Sundays. Mrs. Sablan had the rheumatism, which did not prevent her from filling herself with liquor, and the combination made her more than usually sharp-tongued. When Mrs. Anna Garcia, a neighbor, who had been visiting the Sablans and heard the quarrel, left the house Sablan was getting ready to rub his wife's limbs with liniment. Mrs. Sablan asked Mrs. Garcia to get her a bottle of carbolic acid in another part of the house, saying she wished to use it, but Mrs. Garcia refused to do so, replying the doctor had not prescribed it.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Garcia visited the Sablan house to see how Mrs. Sablan was. The door was locked, so she called out to the mistress of the house to have her husband open it.

"He is asleep," cried Mrs. Sablan, with an ugly oath.

Mrs. Garcia entered by another door and found Sablan lying on the floor of the sleeping apartment, dead. He had not undressed. His wife was on the bed, also dressed, and very much intoxicated. Mrs. Garcia roused her and told her that Sablan was dead. "Yes," said the woman, stupidly, "he took that carbolic acid."

When asked why, Mrs. Sablan could make no intelligent reply. She remained in the same condition nearly all day, rousing now and then. During one of her lucid intervals she claimed to have drunk some of the poison herself.

Coroner Long was notified and the body of the barber taken to the morgue. The bottle containing the carbolic acid was in the room and the coroner took possession of it, as he did of a glass in which it had evidently been poured and from which Sablan had drunk the poison. The inquest will be held this morning, by which time the widow may have become sober and be able to throw some light upon the tragedy.

IOWA REPRESENTED.

Ex-Congressman Wilson to Be Secretary of Agriculture.

DES MOINES, Ia., February 1.—Ex-Congressman James Wilson, of Iowa, announced tonight his acceptance of the cabinet portfolio recently tendered him by President-elect McKinley. To a reporter of the Associated Press Mr. Wilson said: "It is true that I have been invited into President-elect McKinley's cabinet. I have accepted. That is all there is to say about the matter."

It is generally known that Mr. Wilson will be secretary of agriculture, he having wired to Senator Allison today that that portfolio had been offered and accepted.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, February 1.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $22,162,420; gold reserve, $144,800,492.

PROSECUTION RESTS

The Defense in the Sanders Trial Opens.

REGARDING THAT DRAFT BOOK

Witnesses Who Saw Wootton in San Francisco—Expert Moodey's Testimony.

The prosecution rested its case in the Sanders trial yesterday forenoon. Attorney Short made his opening statement to the jury and then began the introduction of testimony in behalf of the defendant. Before adjournment last evening the defense announced that it would finish its testimony today, and there is not much doubt that the case will go to the jury by the end of the week.

It is evident that the defense is trying to break down the case of the prosecution, and is not undertaking to make out one of its own. All the testimony adduced yesterday was contradictory of the people's witnesses.

When the trial was resumed yesterday morning Charles Rohloff was recalled by the prosecution, and testified that the postmark on the letter purporting to come from Wootton, which he received a few days after the rancher's disappearance, bore the name of Fernando, a village about twenty miles this side of Los Angeles. When cross-examined by Mr. Short Rohloff said that Sanders' team of mules would usually lope, as they did the time the defendant drove away from the ranch with Wootton, after having been confined in the stable for several days. Sanders had on this occasion remained at the ranch three or four days.

Deputy Sheriff Peck was recalled in regard to the trail leading from Nance's house in Hill's valley across the mountain to Wootton's place. The witness said that the path was quite steep from Nance's to the top of the mountain, and was rocky in some places. The deputy sheriff said that the views from the Nance place over the territory between the house and the mountain was unobstructed, and that a buggy would be in plain view.

John Reichman, the expert on handwriting, was recalled to give his opinion in the letters received by Rohloff and Wiseman, signed William Wootton, shortly after the rancher's disappearance. The witness pronounced them forgeries, and said they had been executed by the same party who signed the $1400 draft, for the forging of which the defendant is on trial.

The prosecution here announced that it had presented its case. Attorney Short then moved to strike out the testimony of Robert Anderson, regarding the defendant's alleged attempt to fabricate testimony in his behalf; of A. F. Goblin, who testified that he met Professor Sanders near Reedley at 8 o'clock in the evening of February 1, 1894; of Deputy Sheriff Peck concerning the lay of the country surrounding the Nance place; and of Jay Scott in regard to his search in southern California for Wootton, Knausch and Graves, and particularly that part of his testimony embracing the hearsay report Detective A. B. Lawson had made to him. The attorney stated various grounds for his motion, but it was denied.

Then Mr. Short moved to strike out the evidence concerning the deeds and letters, his principal contention being that it had not been proved that they were connected with the case or with the forging of the draft. The court pointed out that any scheming individual could have written these letters and the deeds, in order to injure the defendant or for some other reason. The court denied this motion also.

Mr. Short then made his opening statement, which was comparatively brief. It would be shown, he said, that the defendant has resided in the county for about twenty-five years, and has borne an unimpeachable reputation up to the present difficulty. A strong friendship had existed between Wootton and Sanders. The defendant saw that the ranch owned by his friend was well adapted to the growing of citrus fruits, and he gained the idea of purchasing it.

In this purpose he enlisted the assistance of an old time friend, John Knausch, who had amassed a considerable fortune in mining in the states of the northwest.

The defense expected to prove, continued Mr. Short, that John Knausch and R. L. Graves had come across the mountain trail on February 1, 1894, and consummated the purchase of the ranch from Wootton. The parties to the bargain were not experienced business men, and they did not, probably, conduct the transaction in the usual manner of the business world.

In a general way Mr. Short denied the allegations that the draft, deeds and letters were forged, and said he expected to prove this.

Concerning the disappearance of Wootton, the Attorney stated it would be shown that the rancher had been seen in San Francisco after he was last seen by Rohloff at the ranch. Albert L. Stetson, now dead, and Charles H. Chambers had met the old gentleman in that city. Mr. Short said that since then no trace had ever been found of Wootton, but pointed out that it has happened a number of times in the history of the country that men have mysteriously disappeared of their own volition.

At the conclusion of the statement of the defense the introduction of testimony in behalf of the defendant was begun. Mr. Short first read to the jury the testimony given by Frank House, the postmaster at Fernando, at the last trial. Mr. House testified that early in February, 1894, a trainman who was passing through the place handed him the letter which was afterwards received by Rohloff, to mail. It was inclosed in a postmaster's official envelope.

The testimony of J. P. Wright at the last trial, before whom the deed of Milton Abbott to Sanders was acknowledged, was also read. No importance was attached to it other than that the defendant was present on the occasion.

Mr. Short then read the testimony of Albert L. Stetson, the young man whose suicide caused such a sensation in San Francisco a few months ago. At the last trial Mr. Stetson testified that he was under the impression that he saw Wootton in San Francisco after February 1, 1894; that the aged rancher was standing in the doorway of the office of the witness' father when he saw him. Wootton was an old friend of the elder Stetson.

Charles H. Chambers, who resided in Visalia for many years and knew Wootton well by sight, but who knew lives in San Francisco, was then called to the stand. He testified that he had a "strong impression" that he had seen Wootton in San Francisco about February 11th or 12th in 1894. The witness often saw the rancher in the city, but this particular time he thought was about the middle of February. He was not positive, however.

W. R. DeVlies of Riverbend testified that on February 4, 1894, he met Sanders at Boyecen's place near Reedley and drove with him to the Riverbend school house. This testimony was to prove that Sanders was not in Southern California at this time to mail the letters to Rohloff and Wiseman.

W. A. Davis, E. A. Ball, T. J. Kirk, J. E. Whitson, S. M. King and Fred Hermingliaus were called to testify as to the good reputation of the defendant. They all have known Professor Sanders for many years.

I. H. Garrison, who was a member of the jury at the last trial of the defendant, was called to testify regarding the draft book which Detective Sheriff Peck and Detective Lawson found in Sanders' office. When first found the book showed that it had been used very little, the binding being tight. During his argument at this trial District Attorney Fitzsimon Church had held the draft book in his hand, and becoming excited had unconsciously handled it in a rough manner, making the binding loose. The witness testified to this fact.

But there is a peculiar circumstance connected with this draft book. Sheriff Scott and Deputy Peck testified that they had counted the leaves in the book when it was found, and the leaves in it numbered only forty-nine. T. A. Boll and Major Chisholm, two members of the grand jury which indicted Sanders, had also counted the leaves, and found only forty-nine. They did this very carefully, they said, and could find no stub from which a blank had been torn. On the other hand they found a remnant where a leaf, together with the stub, had been torn, near the binding.

This was of course considered very important evidence by the prosecution, as the $1400 draft was written on a blank similar to those in the book. These books always contain fifty leaves, and the counting of only forty-nine in this one, together with the fact that the book was found in Sanders' office, was thought to point very seriously to the guilt of Professor Sanders.

But when Attorney Short made his argument in the second trial he sprung a surprise by showing the jury the fiftieth stub in the book. It was about in the center, and the torn edges of it would not fit the corresponding end of the draft which the defendant is alleged to have forged.

Now the prosecution claims that that fiftieth stub was inserted after it was in the hands of the grand jury. "How and by whom, God only knows," says Attorney Hinds of the prosecution.

The purpose of the defense in placing the jurors on the stand to testify as to how the binding was loosened by District Attorney Church was to explain the condition it is at present in.

S. B. Brease and Eli Combs, two other jurors, testified to this fact also. They admitted that it was not until his argument at the trial that Attorney Short called attention to the fiftieth stub.

Rev. Martin Miller of Riverbend testified that Professor Sanders had always borne a good reputation before his present trouble. County Tax Collector N. W. Moody was then called to testify as an expert in handwriting. He was postmaster of Fresno for a number of years, and had occasion to make a study of chirography. The $1400 draft was submitted to him, and, after examining it and comparing it with checks which were admitted to have been drawn by the aged rancher, stated that he would not say the signature was not genuine. He was under the impression, however, that Wootton himself signed the draft. There were variances in the signature from that of the checks, but in these also the witness could find differences.

Mr. Moodey was cross-examined at length by Mr. Hinds, but his testimony was not materially shaken.

J. A. Slater, the bookbinder, was then called. He stated that it would practically be impossible to insert a stub in the draft book without leaving evidences that would lead to the detection of the fact. The witness examined the draft book in question and gave it as his opinion that it had not been tampered with since originally bound. Concerning the remnant of a stub on the first page, Mr. Slater said this might have been, where a fly leaf was torn out.

Attorney Hinds on cross-examination called attention to the fact that it would be strange to have a fly leaf between the blotter and the blanks, as such must have been the case if there had been fly leaf there. Mr. Slater said that in some books such leaves were put in, however.

At the conclusion of Mr. Slater's testimony court adjourned till 9 o'clock this morning.

Objects to Jones.

At the meeting of the supervisors yesterday Sheriff Jay Scott objected to the appointment of T. E. Jones as night jailor. Mr. Scott maintained that what ever Mr. Jones' other qualifications might be he was not physically fit to perform the duties of this important office, being crippled in one hand. The sheriff pointed out that he was under heavy bond to properly perform the duties of his office and take care of the prisoners, and as he alone was responsible for their safe-keeping he should have the appointment of a night jailer, as had been the case heretofore. The supervisors took the matter under consideration.

PROTECTION FROM FROST.

Colonel Trevelyan Thinks Irrigation a Good Plan.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—Mr. Eshleman does good service in bringing matters before the public which are intended for our industrial good. As regards brush burning I am of the opinion that the whole matter lies more in a question of economy.

When I first came here it was the custom to bind and then burn the brush in the steam boilers, but then wood for burning, 4-feet lengths, cost from $5 to $6 a cord, whereas now we can obtain good wood at $3 a cord, delivered and stacked. The cost of burning brush is today 50 cents an acre and the cost of tieing, handling, etc., $2 an acre.

The brush is only good really for kindling fires; then you constantly require a man at the boiler and it does little help to generate steam. The Doctor advocates small heaps of brush, and bigger heaps wherever convenient, these saturated or damped to be set alight. Now, how on earth with these small heaps scattered all around, can you plough, cross plough and cultivate? To my mind the great necessity of constant ploughing and cultivating is and should be considered more essential for the vines. If you consider that the frost in this valley has shown itself injurious about once in seven years, then the heavy expense connected with constantly anticipating frost does not compensate you. Moreover, does it not strike you that these small damped fires close to the vines, themselves endanger scorching of the vines?

I was away during the frost of 1896. The last one of an injurious kind was in 1889, and I am told that bonfires were lighted in many vineyards, yet their result does not show any protection, for the vines suffered like the rest.

No, I think if you burn your brush, it costs less and potash is gained; but if studied, I think irrigation over the land when frost is predicted may do more good. On this matter, like many others, I should be pleased to be enlightened. Yours truly, H. A. TREVELYAN.

Fresno, February 1, 1897.

AN INSANE BRIDE.

SHE BECOMES A MANIAC ON HER BRIDAL TOUR.

W. C. Rourke Believes His Wife Is Suffering From Religious Excitement.

OAKLAND, February 1.—From Colusa to Oakland on a bridal tour. From Oakland to Agnews insane asylum a raving maniac.

That is the short, and story of the married life of pretty Mrs. Ollie Rourke, who was committed to Agnews by Judge Hall this afternoon.

Last Wednesday Miss Ollie Miller, 22 years of age, was married to W. C. Rourke at the home of the bride in Williams, Colusa county. She was one of the fairest young ladies in the county and Rourke was a prosperous young farmer.

The future seemed particularly bright for the young couple and only one thing appeared to worry the young bride. Shortly before her marriage she had changed her religious views. After the marriage ceremony was performed the young people took the first train for Oakland. They had intended to remain in the city for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Rourke had only been in the city a few hours when the wife showed the first symptoms of insanity. All through the long hours of Thursday night she would sing and pray in turns and by morning was thoroughly exhausted.

Friday she appeared to grow a little more rational, but Saturday there was a return, and Sunday the unfortunate woman became so violent that it required the combined efforts of husband and friends to keep her from doing herself harm. The bridegroom believes his wife is suffering from religious mania.

The Latest In Watches.

Watches are worn smaller than ever, and, although an effort was made last season to revive the watch chain, the effort met with no response, for watches are still fastened to the bodice with a jeweled brooch, and the chatelaine proudly holds its own. In Paris and New York the latest fad is to have a watch in the form of a ball, thickly incrusted with emeralds or enameled with glistening green. Another watch, in fashion of a beetle, has a body of dull gold shining with gems. You touch a spring, and the wings open as if to fly, disclosing a peep of the time of day. Among other items of new jewelry are the Russian girdles and belts of white or colored enamels, tricked out with gems either false or real, according to the price one can afford.

It is stated by Brewer that Pope Hormisdas, in 500, was the first to wear a cap or tiara of state.

ROYAL

The absolutely pure

BAKING POWDER

ROYAL—the most celebrated of all the baking powders in the world—celebrated for its great leavening strength and purity. It makes your cakes, biscuit, bread, etc., healthful, it assures you against alum and all forms of adulteration that go with the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—A PLACE TO DO HOUSEWORK in small family. Address R. C., box 12, Republican office. j27t5

I. X. L. EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FURNISHES male and female help at short notice. 936 I street. MRS. K. E'RUCE and C. FEUCHT. Telephone black 92. 14

FOR RENT—HOUSES—ROOMS—ETC

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, FIRST-class condition; en suite or single; also housekeeping. Mrs. A. E. Pratt, 1040 I street. j31t6*

FOR RENT—80 ACRES OF LAND; FENCED and crossed fenced; plenty of running water; some alfalfa; good house, barn and outbuildings; some No 1 sulbridged land. Apply at 411 South L street. j30t6

FOR RENT—AN UNFURNISHED HOUSE Apply to A. U. Warnekros, 1915 Mariposa street. j20

FOR RENT—A GOOD ROOM WITH COUNTER and shelves; suitable for milliner and dressmaker, or other light business. Is Clovis a good opening. E. K. Smith, Clovis, Cal. j24t5

FOR RENT—20 ACRES TREES, VINES, alfalfa and some vacant land suitable for gardens, one mile from town; cash rent. Apply 1909 J street. j9*

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE OF FIVE rooms, 1925 I street. Inquire of N Tunzi, The Arcade. d31tf

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 1038 J street. n28tf

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED, COMfortable rooms in the Spinney building, I street, north of Merced, at $1.25 per week. n19tf

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS BALED ALFALFA hay; $5 per ton delivered. Mrs. G. F. Thornton, P. O. Box 682, Fresno. j31t6*

FOR SALE CHEAP—TWO HORSES AND spring wagon, belonging to the estate of S. Shahnamerian, deceased; must be sold; inquire at Seropian Bros.' packing house. J. M. Seropian, administrator. j31tf

FOR SALE—FOUR-ROOM HOUSE, WITH some furniture; $325; or house, with good business corner lot, $800. Call or address Owner, 1402 F street. j29t5*

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD THINGS AT 1546 I street; only in use two months. j28t5*

FOR SALE—A YOUNG HEIFER COW; price, $25. Apply 1121 N street. j27t5*

FOR SALE CHEAP—FURNITURE FOR FIVE rooms; kitchen, dining room, two bedrooms and sitting room; all nearly new; hard wood. Address L., box 28, Republican office. j27*

FOR SALE—500 SACKS OF NO. 1 FEED barley, situate in warehouse at Minturn, Madera Co., Cal.; price, $1 cwt. Inquire E. Hargrove, Madera, Cal., or G. L. Woolsey, Fresno, Cal. j24w2

FOR SALE—500 ACRES GRAIN, ORANGE, fruit and raisin lands, in tracts of 10 acres and upwards. J. W. Reese, 1048 I street. d20tf

WANTED—HELP

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good wages. 1717 J street. j29tf

WANTED—A HUSTLER; MUST BE SOBER and willing to work and have $600 to invest in a legitimate enterprise. Address Business, box 4, Republican office. j9tf

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—A PIANO FOR CASH RENTAL. Fabian, Griffith building. j21t2

WANTED—A BUYER FOR THE FURNIture and fixtures of the Cowan House. Privilege of lease. j29t6

WANTED—TO RENT GOOD UPRIGHT piano. Address Fabian, Griffith Block, Fresno. j28t5*

WANTED—A SECOND-HAND BAIR OF wagon scales. Address J. W. Cullo & Son, Clovis. j27t2*

WANTED—GOOD RELIABLE PARTIES TO care for orchard for two years and take their pay in vineyard land; vines six years old. For further particulars address Wylie M. Giffen, Sanger, Cal., or apply at his residence in the Kimble Colony, three miles south of Sanger. j6tf

WANTED—TO FURNISH ESTIMATES ON job printing. Commercial, society and legal work receives prompt and careful attention at the Republican Job Printing Department, 947 I street. n20tf

TAKEN UP

TAKEN UP—A BROWN COW; PART JER sey; horns cropped; right ear cropped. A. D. Smith, near Craycroft's brickyard. j26t6*

ESTRAYED

ESTRAYED—A LARGE BAY HORSE; THREE white feet and white spot on forehead; end of mane roughly clipped with scissors by boy; will pay $7.50 for return of horse. Leave word at County Auditor's office. j27t3w j29t1

MONEY TO LOAN.

CONTINENTAL BUILDING AND LOAN Association. Subscribed capital, $1,000,000; monthly income, $50,000; 100 homes built for the members the last 13 months. Hubbell Bros. & Co., agents. d20tf

$75000 TO LOAN ON FRESNO CITY OR country property in sums to suit. T. W. Patterson, 1822 I street. n6tf

MISCELLANEOUS

A MAN WITH PLOW TEAM WANTS WORK. James Fields, Tombs Hotel, Fresno. j31t6*

FOR HIRE—EIGHT HEAD OF GENTLE, well broken work horses, with harness. Apply to owner, 2351 Tuolumne street. j28t6*

THE ONLY FRENCH BREAD MADE IN Fresno is at the French bakery, 1318 K street; rye and milk bread also supplied. 30tf

MUSICAL.

MR. J. M. DRACH, TEACHER OF VIOLIN. Residence 1422 K street. j6m1

FOUND

FOUND—JANUARY 16TH, FOX HOUND; black body; brown points; collar harness; initials V. W. V. A. R. Cole, one-half mile southeast of Clovis. j26t6*

FOUND—THAT THE FRESNO PLANING Mill and Furniture Factory makes furniture cheaper than it can be shipped in here. Factory, 838 I street. j17

TO EXCHANGE

FOR EXCHANGE—RESIDENCE IN OAKland; also one in Flagstaff, Ariz., for Fresno county property. Huber Bros. & Co. j31t2

LOST

LOST—IN OR NEAR EINSTEIN'S STORE, diamond ring; $10 reward if returned. Apply at Dr. H. H. Cory's office. j27t6

$15.50

EASTERN

HARDWOOD

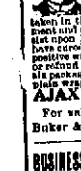
Chamber -:- Suits

—AT—

W. Parker Lyon's

FRESNO'S FURNITURE KING.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly instil vim, vigor, vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Work like magic. Immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Don't let anyone have the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50, by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AJAX REMEDY CO., 19 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Fresno by Webster Bros. and Baker & Colson, Druggists.

BUSINESS HOUSES AND INDIVIDUALS

Can obtain all information in their line from the press of the state, coast or country from the PRESS CLIPPING BUREAU, 510 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

We have just opened a large line of Ladies' All Wool Novelty Dress Goods.

NEW SPRING EFFECTS.

THE LATEST COLORINGS

34 inches wide All Wool Scotch Cheviot Mixtures, worth 40c a yard, at 25c.

36 inches wide All Wool Fine Heather Suitings, in light and dark colorings, worth 50c a yard, at 35c.

38 inches wide All Wool New Quadrille Checks, the latest novelty, worth 75c a yard, at 50c.

New Black Figured Etamine Wool Dress Goods.

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SPRING SILKS.

New Chameleon Effects Organdies.

Scotch Lappet Cloths.

Anderson's Finest Scotch Zephyr Ginghams.

New Embroideries in Swiss, Nainsook and Cambrics,

DIFFERENT WIDTHS AND INSERTIONS TO MATCH.

New Cotton Dress Goods, Etc.

OUR CLEARANCE SALE STILL GOES ON.

Kutner-Goldstein Company

THE UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS.

Pacific Bone Coal and Fertilizer Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF FERTILIZERS.

For fifty consecutive years the same fertilizers have been tested on the same land in Rothamsted, England, with the best possible results. Send for printed catalogue to

ALEX GORDON, AGENT, 1152 J STREET.

'97 COLUMBIAS

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DONAHOO, EMMONS & CO.

Grand -:- Hotel,

SANGER, CAL.

Commercial Travelers' Headquarters

A first-class restaurant in connection with hotel, where meals are served at all hours, and where you can get the best and cheapest accommodation in this valley. A trial is all that is necessary.

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PARK LIVERY

—AND—

FEED STABLE,

Cor. Tulare and I. Streets.

Horses boarded by the day, week or month at reasonable rates. Best of care. Hacks and coupes on short notice, day or night. Carriages for funerals a specialty.

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BICYCLE TRADE SALE

We have imperative instructions from Messrs. Walls Bros., Commission and Storage Warehousemen, 381 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill., to close out at auction

603

LADIES', GENTS' and JUVENILE

UP-TO-DATE

1897 Bicycles.

This sale will take place in Los Angeles on Thursday, February 4th, at 2 p. m. sharp and Wheels will be sold in lots to suit the trade. Wheels are guaranteed A 1 and will be sold without reserve. There has never been an offering like this in the U. S. outside of Chicago. Samples will be on view January 28th. This will give you an opportunity to buy your Spring and Summer Stock at your own price. Positively no reserve. We will be glad to see you. C. M. STEVENS & CO., Auctioneers and Commission Merchants, 83 S. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

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Front Street, Fresno, Cal.

DUNCAN & CUTTEN.

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Horses boarded by the day, week or month at reasonable rates.

Fireproof brick stable.

TELEPHONE: 106 MAIN.

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Gold Fields,

ALASKA

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NORTH AMERICAN TRANSPORTATION AND TRADING CO.'S ROUTE.

NO OVERLAND TRAVEL.

Straight through to destination by the steamer Portland, leaving San Francisco on June 1st, via Seattle June 10th, connecting at St. Michael's Island with river steamers Portus B. Weare and John J. Healey for Circle City, Alaska, and Fort Cudahy, N. W. Territory, carrying freight and passengers.

Passengers taking this route will avoid any unusual delay, to which the overland route is subject.

150 lbs. of baggage allowed each adult cabin passenger.

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CAPT. WILLIAM KIDSTON, Pacific Coast Agent, No. 8 California St., San Francisco.

THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN.

Fresno, Fresno County, California

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THE RAILROAD COMMISSION.

The state legislature is seriously considering the advisability of submitting to the people a constitutional amendment to abolish the railroad commission. The proponents of the measure argue that the commission is expensive and inefficacious, and therefore it should be annihilated, and it is not at all impossible that they may carry their point. Let us see, then, in what sort of position California will be placed, supposing that the amendment is submitted and carried.

We have in this state a great railroad monopoly. We have but one string on it, so to speak, and that string is the railroad commission. It is maintained at considerable expense, and the hold it gives the people upon the monopoly has been of the weakest. Nevertheless it is our one hold upon the Southern Pacific Company. Is it advisable to relinquish it? The REPUBLICAN thinks that it is not. It thinks so particularly at this time, when the commission, almost for the first time in its history, really is doing what it can in behalf of the people. To be sure, the commission is sorely hampered by a judicial decision which has left to it little more than the form of authority, but it nevertheless is struggling along and doing what it can in behalf of the taxpayers, and there still is room to hope that it will be able to accomplish much. After quietly enduring the commissions which notoriously have belonged heart and soul to the Southern Pacific, it would seem both unwise and ungrateful to turn down the commission just as it has shown an inclination to make itself honestly useful to the public.

And, supposing that we should turn it down, what would we have left? Nothing, or practically nothing. Between the people and the railroad nothing would stand except the changeable policy of legislatures which might be wise or unwise, honest or knavish. If it is to be a choice between evils—between a commission which may be weak or worse and legislatures which may vary all the way from good to very bad—is it not entirely conceivable that the former may be the lesser evil? If all power were within the hands of the legislators, the inducement would be the greater for the railroad to put its finger into every legislative election in every district in the state. We have had enough, and too much, of railroad interference in the political affairs of the state; we cannot afford to offer inducements for any more.

If the commission is too weak, as it is, what is the matter with the legislature's doing what it may to strengthen it, and then, as it must, leaving it to the people to select commissioners who will honestly try to exercise their power? Would not that be somewhat wiser and better than to annihilate the commission just as, for the first time, a body has been elected that bids fair to accomplish something, much or little, for the public? So it would appear, at any rate.

It is impossible to avoid a suspicion, which may be unjustifiable, that a covert reason exists for the present attack on the commission. Had there been such an attack in past years, when the then commissioners were paid by the people, only to do the railroad's bidding, it would have been entirely explicable, but to let the burlesques of commissions pass away unheeded, only to attack the body at a time when it first has begun to try to do something, is a proceeding so remarkable that doubt concerning its cause is natural and inevitable. The step would have looked vastly better in years gone by.

If the legislature really wishes to further the interest of the public, and we presume that it does, let it do everything in its power to strengthen the hands of the commission, for its task is no light one. So far as the present commission, at any rate, is concerned, there seems to be rather a lack of power than of inclination to do its duty.

REVERTING to the old, familiar Triangle subject of ward "stuffing" in city elections, the Holdup contemporary says in its issue of yesterday:

What a bonanza some colossal lodging house would have been, where forty or fifty importations would have sung the merits of Mr. Craycroft! Yet he is a man of morals. What man in Fresno prior to 1893 would have guessed that this industrious brickmaker could so quickly develop from the political chrysalis stage into a political vampire as large as a condor?

This is the way which the afternoon paper has of announcing the fact that a city election is approaching. It very gently broke the ice a few days ago by stating that thirty or forty votes from Trustee Craycroft's boarding house cast their ballots in the November election, and laid responsibility for the alleged "stuffing" at the Trustee's door. Confronted with the records which prove the statement to be a barefaced fabrication, lacking the slightest foundation in fact, it responds by calling the member from the Second ward a "political vampire as large as a condor," but discreetly refrains from citing any facts that prove Trustee Craycroft to be other than what he is generally conceded to be, an honest and conscientious citizen. It is difficult to imagine what the purpose of the afternoon paper can be in making such a farce-comedy attack upon the charactor of a man like C. J. Craycroft. It has tried that sort of thing frequently in the past, and always with disastrous results to itself. Most people are able to profit by lessons of experience, but the afternoon paper appears to be a remarkable exception in that respect. It persistently hunts for defeat in the same way in which it has been so remarkably successful in finding it in the past.

THE "trochs," so often mentioned in the Cuban dispatches, is not as some have supposed, a sort of second Rubicon, but is merely a wire fence reinforced with a ditch and tier of palmetto logs that the Spaniards have constructed at considerable cost. Running north and south, it divides the narrow island of Cuba into an eastern and western part. It is patrolled by 15,000 Spanish soldiers, and their design is to keep the insurgent or Cuban forces separated. For some time one rebel army has occupied the eastern and another the western part of the island, but it is claimed that they can cross the trochs at will. The censorship exercised over the press dispatches by the Spaniards renders all reports of the actual condition of Cuban affairs unreliable.

THE defeat of Fred Dubois for senator from Idaho is a piece of work for which Democrats should be ashamed.—*Hanford Democrat.*

We don't know how the members of the party feel about it, but it was certainly a case of rank ingratitude. Dubois is not only an able advocate of free coinage, but was an enthusiastic and effective worker for Bryan.

EIGHT suits for divorce were filed in Tulare county last month. This may seem incompatible with the impression that the scent of orange blossoms ladens the air of the neighboring county during most of the year, but possibly the sensuous aroma has induced too much haste and the subsequent repenting at leisure.

IT is announced that Landsborough, the alleged forger of Sacramento, will attempt to show that the grand jury which indicted him was an illegal body. Suppose that he should succeed, would the jury's illegality demonstrate that he is not guilty as charged?

IT is a great relief to know that Major McKinley will wear plain American pants at his inaugural. If he had decided to wear a pair of those plaid English trousers, turned up at the bottom, gloom would have shrouded the country like a Lunnon fog.

IT is a hard thing to say of the removal of any man from this sphere of usefulness, but it seems to be a fact, according to the published accounts, that the killing of Percy Douglass is about what Bakersfield has needed for some time past.

THE Stockton *Record* has changed from a morning to an evening paper, and has increased its capital stock from $15,000 to $25,000, all paid up. The *Record* appears to be prospering.

PRETTY girls for ushers have proved a drawing card in securing increased attendance at church.

RANDOM REMARKS.

Has anybody heard of any bets being made that Duckworth will be removed? No? It must be that the gambling fraternity are not interested in the Sacramento episode. Otherwise can any one doubt that they would bet as suggested? Is not his guilt clear enough? However, it may be that they cannot find any takers.

On exhuming the body of a man who was buried in Vale, Oregon, a few days ago, it was found that he had turned over in his coffin. These instances are not pleasant to contemplate, and they are not so extremely uncommon as one would wish. They constitute the most emphatic of arguments in favor of keeping the bodies of our friends until the proofs of death are indisputable. No body should go to its final resting place until the remotest possibility that life remains has been removed.

A WORD WITH THE CRITICS.

I am brought up with a turn. Both the Selma *Enterprise* and "The Man Out of Town" have, in kindly way, fallen afoul of me because I suggested that the Bradley-Martin bal masque is an unpleasant thing to contemplate in connection with other pictures that life presents to our view. The argument of both is the same: The bal masque will put money in circulation; therefore it is a good thing. This is an old argument which crops out whenever and wherever wealth flaunts its splendor before the eyes of famishing thousands, but I do not believe that its logic is sound. The putting of money in circulation is in itself a good thing; my critics and I will not differ about that. But the method of placing it in circulation may be so bad that it were better not circulated. Do we differ on that proposition? There are on the other side of the track several houses of more than questionable reputation. Suppose I should say it is a pity that our "Christian civilization" has not yet attained a plane where it can dispense with these moral plague spots; would the critics reply, "Ah, but these houses place many thousands of dollars in circulation annually in Fresno. Really they are a blessing in disguise, and we should not say a word against them"? Probably they would not, although they will remember that Lecky, in one of the most magnificent specimens of modern English, would, on quite other grounds, justify them in doing so. And, lest they lean to Lecky's conclusion, let us cite another illustration of the point I would make: The state legislature is now in session. In its opening, occupying five hours, it expended $4230. It was a deliberate waste of the public money, for that opening need not have cost $42.30. But it put money in circulation, for there is no class of people who scatter money more rapidly than that brood who forever are hanging onto the public udder. Was the placing of that money in circulation in such manner a good thing? I think my critics will agree with me in saying that it would have been better had that money rotted in the treasury than that the representatives of the people should thus have demonstrated the low moral plane on which they stand.

Now do not misunderstand me; I am not contending that the Bradley-Martin bal masque is a thing so intrinsically evil as either of the illustrations I have cited. What I would make very clear is that, in connection with the circulation of money, which in itself is beneficial, there exists always the question: Were the circumstances of this circulation such as to make it a deed of righteousness or of evil? He who considers the circulation alone takes a less than one-sided view of the matter. If, as I hope, I have made this point clear, we will consider, if you please, the circumstances under which the Bradley-Martins are to circulate money. They are these: New York city today is probably experiencing the hardest times it ever has known; thousands of families are destitute, evictions are of daily occurrence and the horde of hungry and homeless constantly increases, while eleemosynary societies have used up their funds in a vain endeavor to keep pace with the temporary need of the starving. This is the time, and these the circumstances, that the Bradley-Martins have chosen for that "social splurge" whereat diamonds shall glitter. They are to spend $250,000, and their guests, it is estimated, are to expend $300,000 more. More than a half of a million dollars to be expended for a few hours of the tinsel ostentation of pleasure, while, on the other side of the street, the dark forms of penury skulk to and fro and brood upon what they deem the cruel injustice of the world!

Perhaps this parade of wealth in the face of human despair is not wrong, but I think that it is. And even this paltry money-circulation argument touches the case so slightly. Is it these destitute ones who will benefit by the money thus put in circulation? Very little, if at all. The money generally will go to cassimere, florists and that ilk; them it will help, but hardly a dry crust from it will go to those who actually are facing the gray specter of hunger. They are the ones who need immediate assistance if they are to live, and they are the ones whom the money from this bal masque scarcely will touch.

You critics, my very good friends, I may be a fool for my belief, but I do believe that christianity today, no less than nineteen slow centuries ago, largely consists in giving bread to him who is an hungered, and, I believe, further, that there are few casualties more gross than this of the shining coin's diamonds before the eyes of starving men, women and little children. How one who at all loves his kind can do it I cannot conceive. And withal, wisely or unwisely, I fear the result. I fear, while I devoutly hope that I am mistaken and that you are right, that men who have been degraded and brutalized will not forever endure the parade of and distinctions which in three cases out of four are but due to the accident of birth. I fear that trail of blood which often enough before now has left its red stain on the pages of the history of mankind. I fear for my posterity and for my country. If I am in error in this fear, you cannot be more glad than I will be. But, whether I am or not, why should we not agree that it is an inexpressible pity that those who, after all, are but the custodians of wealth for a few brief years, so rarely use it largely in behalf of that multiform human suffering which constantly rears its frightful form in our midst? Is it not indeed a saddest pity that men must starve within a stone's throw of palaces? And do you believe that this awful condition need be if there were in the bosoms of our rich more of the spirit of the Man whose life went out on Calvary those long centuries ago? Let the fact mark me as a fool if you will, but I do not believe it.

A.J.W.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY TAKE Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Baker & Colcon refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Diaries,

Blank books and office supplies. South & Fentem's.

For rigs at $1.50 for four hours call at the Empire Stables. W. K. Washburn*

A. J. Paterson, Piano Tuner, at Riege's book and music store. *

The Tivoli is the only place in Fresno to get the genuine Tivoli lunch. *

Good Oatmeal.

If you like oatmeal you'll be delighted with the kind Scott sells. It is genuine eastern rolled oats and white corn cream maize. The fresh and natural oaty and corn flavor is fully retained in them. You've eaten oatmeal, no doubt, which might have been called by any other name so far as flavor was concerned. It has no flavor—simply the tasteless pulp of oats with the life crushed out in the grinding or rolling. The kind Scott sells is guaranteed to be strictly genuine; is full of nutrition and as sweet as when it first fell at the touch of the reaper's blade, which he sells: 5 lbs. eastern rolled oats for 25 cts. 2 lbs cream maize for 25 cts. Send and get sample, take it home, cook it right, and you will have good reason to send for 25 cents worth tomorrow.

How to Save Money.

A Fresno gentleman was asked how to save money, and he replied in this way: I bought a Rambler Bicycle from R. M. Thompson for ($80) cash and saved.....$20 00
I never drink intoxicants; they refuse to work in harmony with a bicycle; saves.....100 00
I never smoke or chew tobacco, as it is very inconvenient when riding a bicycle; saves.....100 50
I never walk a long distance, as my wheel runs nicely; saves 3 pairs shoes.....12 00
I never wear a long coat while riding; this alone saves me annually.....30 00
I never stand on the corner and talk politics—take a ride; saves doctor's bill.....20 00
I have never been held up, as I outrun thugs; court plaster saved.....30
I never ride on street cars; they are too slow; saves me.....30 50
I have no use for a horse and buggy; investment, $250; monthly stable bill of $15.....430 00

Well, add it up yourself, and if you desire to commence life right, enjoy health and save money, begin with an 1897 Rambler Bicycle, said the man to the reporter as he rode away in the sunlight on a beautiful 1897 Rambler Bicycle.

The Ideal Panacea.

James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an ideal panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physicians' prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgus, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this ideal Cough remedy now. Trial bottles free at Webster Bros' drug store, cor. K and Mariposa streets.

A Valuable Prescription.

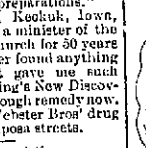
Editor Morrison of the Worthington (Ind.) *Sun* writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stehle, 2025 Cottage Grove avenue, Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary, but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Prices 50 cents and $1. Get a bottle at Webster Bros' drug store, cor. K and Mariposa streets.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Webster Bros., corner K and Mariposa streets.

CATARRH

is a LOCAL DISEASE and is the result of colds and sudden climatic changes.



For your Protection we positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.

Ely's Cream Balm

is acknowledged to be the most thorough cure for Nasal Catarrh, Cold in Head and Hay Fever of all remedies. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays pain and inflammation, heals the sores, protects the membranes from colds, restores the senses of taste and smell. Price 50c. at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

TO THE PUBLIC

Dr. M. El Fredo is in the city advertising his reliable

Lost Chance Malaria Cure

For Liver, Kidney and Stomach troubles. Sold by all druggists. If you suffer from pains or from any chronic disease, when your doctor fails, send to or call at Dr. M. El Fredo's office, Meade block, 1313 Mariposa street, Room 4, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. Female trouble successfully treated. Consultation free. Reference — Mrs. Graupman. DR. M. EL FREDO.

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Is often caused by overheat. As you value your cups and saucers, your plates, your glasses, keep them out of boiling water. *Warm* water is equally efficient if used with GOLD DUST. This famous preparation will make everything clean, without the slightest damage.

GOLD DUST

WASHING POWDER

is sure and harmless in all departments of house cleaning. The most economical method of cleaning you can employ. Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company,
St. Louis, Chicago, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco.

ONE MORE CHANCE!

The Last Week

—OF OUR—

Great -:- Clearance -:- Sale

And the last opportunity you will have to get good shoes at prices never heard of before. We must have room, as we are expecting our spring stock of fine Oxfords and Shoes to come in shortly.

Ladies' Shoes, small sizes (only a few more pairs left)	$0 55
Ladies' Oxfords, small sizes	55
Ladies' Dongola Button Shoes, patent tips	1 20
Ladies' Pebble Grain Shoes	1 20

Again we will say that this great sale will only last ONE MORE WEEK and no longer.

People's Shoe House

1050 I STREET, FRESNO, CAL.

BEAN'S SPRAY PUMPS

Donahoo, Emmons & Co., Agents.

Mark Webster Pharmacist,
1917 MARIPOSA STREET,
TELEPHONE 212 RED. PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES

Car Wagons,

Steel Thimble Skein, Hollow Axle, Steel Axle Narrow, Tires Wide, Truck Wagons, Farm Wagons and One-Horse Wagons.

FRESNO AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

Trees, Trees, Trees

Fancher Creek Nursery

The oldest established nursery in the San Joaquin valley. Headquarters for Deciduous Fruit Trees, Olives, Citrus and Ornamental Trees, Palms and Green House Plants.

Grape Vines, 150 kinds.
Figs, 20 kinds.
Roses, 200 kinds.
Call for New Descriptive Catalogue.

We offer many new and valuable novelties adapted to this valley.

TREE DEPOT—COR. J AND FRESNO STREETS.

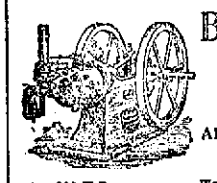
PACKING YARD AND MAIN OFFICE NORTH OF FORSYTH PACKING HOUSE.

SPECIAL OFFER FOR THIS WEEK ONLY

With each order for $5 and over we will give 6 FINE ROSE BUSHES.

Inspect our stock and get our prices before purchasing; it will pay you.

GEORGE C. ROEDING, Proprietor.



BEST TO BUY 9,000 IN USE

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All Stationary and Marine Purposes.

All Sizes and Styles -:- Gas, Gasoline and Oil.

Hercules Gas Engine Works

1 to 200 H.P. Write for Catalogue. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

See Barrett-Hicks Co.

For Spray Pumps of All Kinds, Pruning Shears, Pruning Saws, Vineyard Twines.

Call and see us before purchasing.

—1035—1041 I STREET, FRESNO

Summons.

In the superior court of the county of Fresno, State of California.

The California Savings and Loan Society, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. J. F. Koch, Robert Mack, E. B. Perrin, D. J. Guggenhime, E. M. Stiefles, Frank H. Short, C. H. Williams, Sarah A. Williams, The Fresno Land Company, a corporation, John Doe and Mary Roe, defendants.

Action brought in the superior court of the county of Fresno, State of California, and the complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said county. J. F. Cowdery, attorney for plaintiff.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIfornia send greeting to J. F. Koch, Robert Mack, E. B. Perrin, D. J. Guggenhime, E. M. Stiefles, Frank H. Short, C. H. Williams, Sarah A. Williams, The Fresno Land Company, a corporation, John Doe and Mary Roe, defendants.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the superior court of the county of Fresno, State of California, to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days, exclusive of the day of service, after the service on you of this summons if served within this county, or if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this court for foreclosure of a mortgage, described in said complaint, made, executed and delivered, by said defendants, J. F. Koch and Robert Mack, to said defendant, E. B. Perrin and one J. B. Randel, on the 9th day of December, 1889, to secure payment of a promissory note of same date described in said mortgage and complaint, made, executed and delivered by said defendants, Koch and Mack, to said defendant, Perrin and said Randel, payable four years after date, for the sum of $35,000.00 with interest at the rate of seven-7-per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually, and if not so paid to be compounded.

That said mortgage was recorded in Record's office, Fresno county, in Vol. 75 of mortgages, page 322, et seq., and covers that certain real property, situated in Fresno county, State of California, described as follows, to-wit:

Lots 212, 213, 214, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 143, 144, 145, 109, 110, 146, east ½ of 108, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, west ½ of 183, west ½ of 184, containing together about four hundred and ten—410—acres as laid down and designated on the map thereof, entitled, map of Perrin Colony No. 2, which map was filed for record in the office of the county recorder of said Fresno county, on the eight—8—day of October, 1890, and is hereby referred to for further or more description.

Plaintiff alleges that on December 27th, 1890, said Randel, assigned all of his interest in said note and mortgage to said defendant Perrin and thereupon said defendant Perrin, assigned said note and mortgage to plaintiff herein, who is still the holder and owner of said promissory note and mortgage.

That at the request of defendant E. B. Perrin, and defendants J. F. Koch and Robert Mack, plaintiff released the west half of number two hundred and thirteen, all of lots (201, 207, 208, 143, 181) two hundred and one, two hundred and seven, two hundred and eight, one hundred and forty-three, and one hundred and eighty-one, have been released from the operation of said mortgage.

Plaintiff alleges that there is now due and unpaid on said promissory note and mortgage to plaintiff, the sum of $12,000.00 with interest thereon from December 9th, 1890, at the rate of seven—7—per cent per annum, all in gold coin of the United States.

Plaintiff further alleges that the value of the property described in said mortgage is not sufficient to satisfy the amounts due to the plaintiff upon said promissory note and that said property produces an income from rents which should be equitably applied to satisfaction of said debt, and that it is necessary, in order to protect the plaintiff, that a receiver of said property should be appointed in this action to collect the said rents and to apply them as the court may direct by its decree in this action.

Plaintiff prays for judgment against defendants J. F. Koch and Robert Mack, for $12,000.00 in gold coin and interest thereon at seven—7—per cent per annum from December 9th, 1890.

That a receiver be appointed by the court in this action upon the filing of the complaint, or at any time thereafter upon plaintiff's motion to take possession of said premises, and to collect the rents, issues and profits thereof, and to apply them as this court may direct by its final decree may direct.

That the usual decree be made for the sale of said mortgaged property for gold coin of the United States by a commissioner appointed by the court, according to law and the practice of this court; that the proceeds of such sale be applied to the costs, expense of such sale, and to the payment of the judgment in this action; that all of said defendants and all persons claiming from or under them, since or under either of them since subsequent to the execution and recording of said mortgage as aforesaid, be barred and forever foreclosed of and from all right, claim or equity of redemption in said described premises and property, and every part and parcel thereof.

That the plaintiff or any other party in this action may be purchasers at such sale. That a proper and sufficient deed of conveyance of said real property when so sold be executed to the purchaser, and that such purchaser be let into possession of such real property and for judgment against the makers of said note for any deficiency. And for such other and further relief in the premises as shall be just and agreeable to equity and good conscience as will more fully appear by reference to said complaint.

And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, this 11th day of December, 1896.

(Seal of the Superior Court.) T. G. HART, Clerk.
By W. R. WILLIAMS, Deputy Clerk.

Indorsed.
No. 7533.
Superior court, county of Fresno, department No. 2. The California Savings and Loan society, vs. J. F. Koch et al. defendants. Summons of foreclosure of mortgage. J. F. COWDERY, Attorney for plaintiff.

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Attorneys

STANTON L. CARTER, LEWIS H. SMITH, Notary Public.
CARTER & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.
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ATTORNEY AT LAW
Fresno, California. Rooms 6 and 7 Fresno National Bank Building.

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SNOW & FREMAN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Rooms 4 and 5, Fresno National Bank build ing, Fresno, California.

J. P. MEUX H. M. JOHNSTON
MEUX & JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
1030 Mariposa street. Will practice in U. S. and state courts at San Francisco and Los Angeles.

REMOVAL NOTICE

Colonel J. G. Anderson has removed his
REAL ESTATE,
NOTARY PUBLIC
And PENSION OFFICE
To No. 958 J street, opposite Postoffice

Commissioner's Sale.

No. 7523.

In the Superior court, county of Fresno, state of California.

I. N. Turpin, plaintiff, vs. T. R. Foster and Margaret Foster, his wife, H. A. Kanawyer and Viola A. Kanawyer, his wife, defendants.

WHEREAS AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above-entitled cause to me directed, was issued out of the Superior court of said county of Fresno, on the 14th day of January, 1897, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein and docketed on the 6th day of January, 1897, in favor of I. N. Turpin, plaintiff, and against T. R. Foster and Margaret Foster, his wife, H. A. Kanawyer and Viola A. Kanawyer, his wife, defendants which said judgment and decree is recorded in judgment book, volume 9 of the said Superior court, on page 126, etc., for the sum of nine hundred and fifty-two 81-100 ($952.81) dollars in gold coin of the United states, with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the date of said judgment, and costs of suit, and, whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs, and

Whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises mentioned in the said order of sale, which said premises are situate, lying and being in the county of Fresno, state of California, and are bounded and particularly described as follows, to-wit: Lot number one hundred and eleven (111) of the Central California Colony tract, as the same is laid down and described upon the map of said colony now on file and of record in the office of the county recorder of the county of Fresno, state of California, the same being the north half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 33, township 11 south, range 20 east, Mount Diablo base and Meridian together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated, Fresno, January 14, 1897.

W. S. HADDEN, Commissioner.
H. H. Welsh, Attorney for plaintiff. 3j4

Notice to Creditors.

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California.

In the matter of H. Goodman & Company, a co-partnership composed of H. Goodman and Albert Rubendall, and doing business under the firm name and style of H. Goodman & Co., and the said H. Goodman and Albert Rubendall individually, insolvent debtors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL THE creditors who have proved their claims against the above-named insolvents to appear before the said court, at the court room of Department No. 2 thereof, on the 27th day of February, 1897, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., and show cause if any they have why the said insolvent debtors should not be discharged from all debts, in accordance with the statutes in such cases made and provided.

Dated January 23d, 1897.

T. G. HART, Clerk.
By W. R. WILLIAMS, Deputy Clerk. 4j1

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Mary Atkinson, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNdersigned, H. M. Stone, the administrator of the estate of Mary Atkinson, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator, at the office of H. H. Welsh, Esq., attorney at law, rooms 7 and 8, Farmers' Bank building, city of Fresno, Fresno county, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of the said estate in the county of Fresno, state of California.

H. M. STONE,
Administrator of the estate of Mary Atkinson, deceased.

Dated at Fresno, January 19, 1897.
George Cosgrave, Attorney for administrator.

Order to Show Cause.

In the Superior court of the state of California, in and for the county of Fresno.

In the matter of the estate of John D. Fortcamp, deceased.

C. AUGUST WEIHE AND PETO FROELICH, executors of the last will and testament of John D. Fortcamp, deceased, having filed their petition herein, duly verified, praying for an order of sale for a certain piece of real estate of said decedent for the purposes therein set forth, it is ordered by said court that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before the said Superior court in department No. 3, on Wednesday, the 10th day of February, 1897, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of said day, at the court room of said court in said Fresno county, to show cause, if any they have, why an order should not be granted to said executors to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased at private sale as shall be necessary, and that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks prior to said date in the Fresno Morning Republican, a daily newspaper published and printed in said county.

Dated January 11, 1897.

J. R. WEBB, Superior Judge.

Notice to Road Builders, Laborers, Etc., in County Work.

Office of the Board of Supervisors, Fresno county, California, January 15th, 1897.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF FRESNO county by proper resolution, made and entered, fixed the rate to be paid for labor on county roads as follows, to be in effect on and after the first day of February, 1897:

For laborers, $1.75 per day.

For laborers with team (two horses or mules), $3 per day.

For teams per span, $1.25 per day.

Attest. T. G. HART, Clerk.
By J. R. Johnson. 2j0-6d

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of H. F. Ehlert, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNdersigned, executors of the last will and testament of H. F. Ehlert, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executors, at the law office of Meux & Johnston, 1030 Mariposa street, Fresno, Cal., the same being the place for the transaction of the business of the said estate in the county of Fresno, state of California.

HENRY GRIES and G. AUGUST WEIHE,
Executors of the last will and testament of H. F. Ehlert deceased.

Dated at Fresno, Cal., January 2, 1897. 3j30

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE principal place of business of the San Joaquin Valley Coal Mining Co. will be removed from the city of Fresno, Cal., to the city of Hanford, Kings county, Cal.; said notice is published in accordance with the provisions of section 322, Civil Code, of California.

Dated R. RAINEY, Secretary

Notice of Commissioner's Sale.

In the Superior Court, county of Fresno state of California.

T. R. Meux, plaintiff, vs. John S. Ambrose, defendant.

WHEREAS, AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above-entitled cause to me directed, was issued out of the Superior court of said county of Fresno, on the 21st day of January, 1897, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein and docketed on the 9th day of January, 1897, in favor of T. R. Meux, plaintiff, and against John S. Ambrose, defendant, which said judgment and decree is recorded in judgment book, volume "9," of the said Superior court, on page 180, et seq., for the sum of eight hundred forty-one and 50-100 dollars in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon at the rate of 7 per cent per annum from the date of said judgment, and accruing costs.

And whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 23rd day of February, 1897, at 12 o'clock m. of that day, in front of the west door of the court house, in Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, in obedience to the commands of said order of sale, I will sell the mortgaged premises described in the said order of sale, as follows, situate, lying and being in the county of Fresno, state of California, viz:

The southwest quarter (¼) of section twelve (12) in township fifteen (15) south, of range fourteen (14) east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the surveys of the government of the United States, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated, Fresno, January 23d, 1897.

W. S. HADDEN, Commissioner.
Meux & Johnson, Attorneys for plaintiff. 3j24

Notice of Commissioner's Sale.

No. 7514.

In the Superior court, county of Fresno, State of California.

The People's Loan and Savings Bank, a corporation, plaintiff, vs. Unity A. Cranmer, now by marriage Unity A. Fuye, John Foye and W. S. Cranmer, defendants.

WHEREAS, AN ORDER OF SALE IN THE above-entitled cause to me directed, was issued out of the Superior court of said county of Fresno, on the 11th day of January, 1897, on a judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered therein and docketed on the 4th day of January, 1897, in favor of the Fresno Loan and Savings Bank, a corporation, plaintiff, and against Unity A. Cranmer, now by marriage Unity A. Fuye, John Foye and W. S. Cranmer, defendants, which said judgment and decree is recorded in judgment book, volume 9, of the said Superior court, on page 168 et seq., for the sum of twenty-seven hundred and four 35-100 ($2,704.35) dollars in gold coin of the United States, with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the date of said judgment, and accruing costs.

And whereas, I am commanded by the said order of sale to sell the mortgaged premises to satisfy the said judgment and all costs.

Notice is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 23rd day of February, 1897, at 12 o'clock m. of that day, in front of the west door of the court house, in Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, in obedience to the commands of said order of sale, I will sell the mortgaged premises described in the said order of sale, as follows, situate, lying and being in the county of Fresno, state of California, viz:

The southeast quarter (¼) of section twelve (12) in township fifteen (15) south, of range fourteen (14) east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, containing 160 acres, more or less, according to the surveys of the government of the United States, together with all the improvements and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

And that the said sale will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, payable in gold coin of the United States.

Dated, Fresno, January 23d, 1897.

W. S. HADDEN, Commissioner.
Meux & Johnson, Attorneys for plaintiff. 3j24

Notice to Creditors.

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California.

In the matter of the estate of F. W. Sandstrom, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNdersigned executors of the estate of F. W. Sandstrom, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice to the executors, at the office of Frank H. Short, attorney at law, Fresno Mutual Bank building, Fresno, California, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate.

Dated, December 5th, 1896.

CHARLES FRICKSON,
ARVEST THEEL,
Executors of the estate of F. W. Sandstrom, deceased.

Frank H. Short, attorney for executors. 50d

Order to Show Cause.

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California.

In the matter of the estate of Lizzie Ewing, sometimes known as Lizzie M. Ewing, deceased.

IT APPEARING TO THIS COURT BY THE petition this day presented and filed by L. H. Church, administrator of the estate of the above-named decedent, that it is necessary to sell the whole, or some portion of the real estate of said decedent to pay the debts due from said decedent and the expenses and charges of administration:

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in the estate of said decedent to appear before said Superior court on Monday, the 1st day of March, 1897, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the court room of Department Number One of said court, at the court house in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, to show cause why said petition should not be given to said L. H. Church, administrator of said estate, to sell so much of the said real estate as shall be necessary, and that a copy of this order be published for four successive weeks prior to said date in the Fresno Morning Republican, a newspaper printed and published in the county of Fresno, state of California.

Dated this 25th day of January, 1897.

E. W. HOLLENBECK,
Superior Judge.

Evans & Ewing, Attorneys for said administrator.

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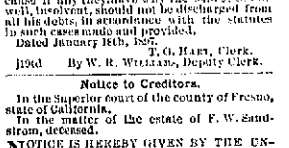

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Graduated Embalmers.

THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN.

Additional Local on Pages 1 and 4.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

FRESNO, February 1.—Observations taken at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

Barometer	30.02
Temperature	60
Sensible Temperature	57
Humidity, per cent	72
Wind, W (miles per hour)	01
Maximum Temperature for past 24 hours	61
Minimum Temperature for past 24 hours	51
Total Rainfall past 30 hours, inches	1.01
Total Rainfall for season, inches	6.58

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 1.—Official forecast for thirty-six hours, ending at 5 p.m., February 2.—Northern California—Occasional showers Tuesday; fresh southwesterly winds. Southern California—Occasional showers Tuesday, probably ending during the day; cool Tuesday, probably ending during the day; cool in the southwest portion; winds shifting to westerly.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

The above reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of parties caught stealing or defacing REPUBLICAN boxes which are placed in front of the residences of colony subscribers.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Ralston health
Food for weak stomachs
And dyspeptics at Hollands'.

Prime roasts at City market.

Coast seed potatoes. Hammond.

Carriage trimming at Schweizer's.

Oranges, $1 per 100 at 355 J street.

Bacon and ham at the City Market.

Dancing school tonight. Einstein hall.

Ladies' '97 Cleveland at Warnekros'.

Foresters' social Einstein hall Feb. 3d.

New and elegant wall paper at McVey's

The board of library trustees will meet this evening.

Fine Mountain apples, $1.25 box at Hines' grocery.

New line of carpets and matting at W. F. McVey's.

Dr. Miner, Garibaldi block. Eye, ear, nose and throat. Glasses fitted.

Picture mouldings, new line. Frames made to order at W. F. McVey's.

Fresno Loan and Savings Bank accounts bought. F. S. Phillips, 1843 Tulare.

Just received—a carload of citrus trees at Fancher Creek Nursery. Prices down to bedrock.

A nicely furnished bay window front room, suitable for two gents, reasonable, 1040 I street.

Fiester is making a special study of artistic and appropriate picture framing, opposite the Barton.

R. F. Dickenson of this city is said to have struck it rich at Randsburg. He is taking out ore that runs $40 a ton.

Regular meeting of Raisina Chapter No 80, O. E. S., tonight. By order of the W. M. E. F. Grimes, secretary.

Donahoo & Mott, Fresno City stables, rent rigs at $1.50 for four hours, Sundays and holidays excepted. Telephone black 581.

The fees taken in by the county recorder during the month of January amounted to $1037, the highest in several years.

For $2.75 you can get both the WEEKLY REPUBLICAN and the *Interior* (Fresno's Illustrated monthly) for one year. Send orders to REPUBLICAN office.

Our rose bush offer is a decided success, and we have concluded to continue it for another week. Read Fancher Creek Nursery advertisement.

L. F. Thom yesterday filed his bond of $2000 as a notary public, with Thomas J. Ockenden, James H. Hudson and Mrs. Matilda Thom as sureties.

The contract for the brick construction of the new South Methodist church has been awarded to Major Will S. Scott. The work will be commenced in the immediate future.

L. F. Thom yesterday filed with the county recorder his bond as a notary public. The amount is $2000, and Mr. Thom's sureties are Thomas J. Ockendon, James H. Hudson and Mrs. Matilda Thom.

The supervisors yesterday authorized Sheriff Scott to put in possession of the court house janitor, assistant janitor and park overseer such prisoners as might be necessary to perform required labor about the jail and park.

There will be a special excursion over the Valley Road Sunday to Merced for the baseball game between the FRESNO REPUBLICANS and Merceds. The rate will be $1.65 round trip. For further particulars inquire of M. Bonas, 1735 Merripos street.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to A. M. Williams of Visalia and Winona J. Irvine of Oregon. Mr. Williams had gone north for his intended, and was expected to arrive in Fresno with her last night. The license was procured by Rev. J. R. Walker, a friend of Mr. Williams.

The new set of county employes assumed their duties yesterday, with the exception of T. E. Jones, who was appointed night jailer by the supervisors. He did not turn up, and if he had Sheriff Scott would have refused to entrust the keys of the jail to him. Jones is not considered competent for such a position, where a robust man is required.

Jim Wilson and Frank Hall, charged with robbery, were brought yesterday before Justice Austin, who informed them of their rights and put them under $2000 bail each. The examination was set for next Thursday at 10 a.m. There are four charges against each, the complainants being Thomas Richter, R. B. Johnson, Jake Blumingdale and Antone Dias.

If You Want Any

Pictures framed take them to C. H. Rieke's. He has the prettiest and largest stock in town.

Special Study

Made of appropriate picture framing. Fiester, sign painter, opposite the Barton opera house.

If you are bothered with sick and nervous headache, take Mt. Shasta Kidney and Liver Cure. It never fails to effect a cure when taken as directed. It cures all liver and bilious affections.

Go see Louis Scholler at The Tivoli for fine lunches, Extra Pale on draught, choice liquors and cigars.

For the finest lunch and glass of beer go to the Tivoli.

See our Spray Pumps, guaranteed to handle beans, mud, or any other ingredient essential in spraying. Barrett-Hicks Co.

See us about Tanks, Pumps, Pipe and Windmill outfits. Barrett-Hicks Co.

Extra Pale on draught at Tivoli.

The preliminary examination of Violet Winters, charged with grand larceny, was set by Recorder Clark yesterday for 1.30 o'clock this afternoon. The examination of Maggie Anderson, who with Violet robbed a Portuguese sheepherder of $100, was not set, as she will become a mother in a day or two.

Grocers like to sell *Schilling's Best* tea because it is different.

How different?

Fresh-roasted—good.

Not stale-roasted—ordinary.

A Schilling & Company
San Francisco 493

THE CITY TRUSTEES

Regular Session Held Last Evening.

SPINNEY WANTS GAS METERS

E. A. Donahoo Gets Three Contracts For Sewer Construction—Other Business.

The city trustees met last night in regular session with a full board present. It was the first meeting of the month and considerable business was transacted.

A petition was received from Mrs. Mary A. Wolcott for a lateral sewer through block 130. It was granted. Mrs. Abbie H. Curran petitioned for a sewer through block 98 and the request was allowed.

A communication was received from Charles Sharp of Hanford, asking for a rebate of the city's part of fees collected by the poundmaster for taking up a horse belonging to him. The animal had been stolen by Frank Wilson, who was captured in Fresno. The thief had turned the animal loose in this city and it was taken up by the poundmaster. He collected $5.50 before he would let the owner have the horse. The petition of Mr. Sharp was unanimously denied.

Poundmaster Crow reported that during January he captured forty-nine dogs, having had four on hand at the first of the month. He sold three of these and destroyed thirty-eight. Thirteen dead dogs were picked up off the streets and destroyed. The number of horses taken up was nineteen, fifteen of which were sold or redeemed. Three cows were captured, and were all redeemed. One sheep was taken up and destroyed. Mr. Crow's receipts amounted to $47.50, the city's part being $16.

Recorder A. M. Clark reported that he collected $15 in fines in January.

The street committee was granted further time in regard to the application of the South Methodist church to be allowed to construct the steps of its new building three feet out on the sidewalk. The fire and water committee reported that it had decided to ask for bids for the painting of the fire apparatus.

The Fresno Water Company filed its annual statement as required by law. During 1896 the receipts of the company amounted to $44,924.55, and the total disbursements to $35,922.23. The interest on the indebtedness of the company was $19,590. The depreciation in the value of the company's property, caused by decay and destruction, was estimated at $16,304.70.

Clerk Shanklin then presented the ordinance adopted last year, it being the meeting, according to law, when the ordinance fixing water rates for the coming fiscal year should be introduced. Spinney wanted to know if the ordinance had been submitted to the city attorney. "We have no city attorney," answered Mr. Shanklin. The clerk explained that he had brought in last year's ordinance, as the municipality would lose its rights in the matter if the ordinance were not introduced and read at this meeting. Spinney deplored the fact that the board had no legal adviser present. As the board had no desire to abandon any of its rights the old ordinance was introduced, and if any changes are to be made they will be in the nature of amendments.

The report of the company was referred to the board as a committee of the whole, and a meeting will be held to consider it on Thursday afternoon. The officers of the water company will be requested to attend.

At this point in the proceedings the electric lights began to glimmer, and finally went out. The board was kept in darkness for several minutes, until some lanterns were brought up from the engine rooms.

L. L. Cory, who is representing the city attorney, here walked in.

The following bids were opened for the construction of a lateral sewer through block O: E. A. Donahoo, $149.75; S. B. Tombs, $193; Barrett-Hicks Company, $192.

For block 151: E. A. Donahoo, $152.30; S. B. Tombs, $188; Barrett-Hicks Company, $172.

For blocks 168 and 169; E. A. Donahoo, $264 50; S. B. Tombs, $274; Barrett-Hicks Company, $294. All the contracts were awarded to E. A. Donahoo.

A communication was received from the Chamber of Commerce inviting the board to attend its special meeting tomorrow evening, the purpose of which is to discuss the question of road roads.

The regular monthly bills, which had been passed upon by the finance committee, were allowed.

Spinney called attention to the fact that the gas company had taken the meters from the engine houses since the introduction of electric lights. The trustee understood that the city had made a deposit, as was always required, with the gas company, when the meters were put in. Mr. Spinney thought that as these deposits had not been returned, if they were made, the company should replace the meters. The engine houses ought to be provided with gas, to use in case of accidents to the electric lights. The finance committee was instructed to look over the old records and ascertain if the city had made any deposits for the meters when they were set in place.

The street superintendent and city engineer were instructed to investigate the report that a number of residents of the additions have made connection with the city's sewers, which is not allowed by law and is unsatisfactory to the taxpayers of the municipality. The trustees will not permit the imposition.

The board then adjourned.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

Preparations for the Fresno Meeting to Be Made Soon.

The committee appointed by the Farmers' Institute held at Malaga last month, to make arrangements for the Farmers' Institute to be held in Fresno some time during the month of March, has been called to meet at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce on J street in this city at 2 p.m. on Saturday, February 6th.

The committee having this matter in charge consists of John S. Dore, Miss Nellie Boyd, W. H. Hodgkin, J. H. LaRue and P. P. Johnston.

A Small Blaze.

An alarm of fire at 4.15 o'clock yesterday morning brought the department to Hoobs & Parsons packing house, at Mono and G streets. Several sweat boxes on the west side of the building were burning, but the chemical extinguished the blaze in a few minutes. The fire was undoubtedly caused by some tramps who were camping among the boxes and made a fire to cook coffee or something to eat. There were evidences of a campfire.

The Light That Failed.

During the violent storm last evening lightning struck the wires near the power house of the San Joaquin Electric Light Company. The arrestors grounded the fluid well enough but the fuses were burned out, necessitating the shutting off of the current until the damage could be repaired. That is why the town was in darkness for a time last night.

A NEW SUGGESTION.

Establishment of a Poultry Experimental Station Advocated.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—The Fresno Poultry Association is going to assist in bringing about the establishment of a poultry experimental station at Fresno under the supervision of the college of agriculture of the University of California, and considering the importance of the poultry industry and the fact that the people of California expend a vast sum of money each year for imported poultry and eggs, the proposition appears to be eminently sensible and business-like. The state should take an interest in promoting the welfare of every home industry so far as it legitimately can, and a poultry experimental station might well be added to the stations already established, which are accomplishing so much for the various branches of agriculture.

In California last year there were consumed 13,000,000 dozen eggs, valued at $3,150,000, and $900,000 worth of poultry, produced in the state, making a total production of eggs and poultry in the state of $4,350,000. There are engaged in the poultry business about 20,000 persons, who kept at least 2,500,000 hens, and about 25 per cent of the poultry die every year, causing a loss to the poultry keepers of the state of $375,000, and a very large percentage of the losses is in consequence of lack of information by beginners as to proper feeding and how to avoid and treat the various diseases.

The association says that no extended experiments have been made by any experimental station, so that poultry keepers can secure the necessary information to enable beginners to make a reasonable success. As a rule these latter are persons of small means and cannot afford to experiment, as it is too expensive. The association is convinced that the remedy lies in the establishment of an experimental station by the state, and that the state would be greatly advantaged by such a step.

California should be capable of producing all the eggs and poultry which it consumes, and any scheme that will bring about that result should receive earnest encouragement from the Hundred Thousand Club and our Chamber of Commerce. The two organizations should immediately correspond with Senator Pedlar and our representatives in the legislature urging them to frame a bill for such a purpose and try to have it passed at the present session.

H. C. B. GILL.

Fresno, February 1, 1897.

THEY WANT GOOD ROADS

MEETING OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Ways and Means of Improving Our Highways to Be Discussed.

A very important meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be held at the rooms on J street tomorrow evening at 7.30 o'clock for the purpose of discussing the matter of good roads for Fresno county. At the Farmers' Institute recently held in Malaga Road Commissioner R. C. Irvine stated that while Fresno county had some 1400 miles of roads within its borders only six miles were worth a howl in Hades. Of course he didn't say it that way, but that's what he meant.

Now this should not be. Fresno county annually spends enormous sums on its highways and there ought to be at least seven miles of good roads, but owing either to the system under which our roads are built and repaired or the manner in which the system is carried out our roads are among the worst in the state—and nearly all of them are very poor. If the system is to blame, say the friends of good roads, let us agitate its abolition; if the men are to blame in whose hands the carrying out of the system lies let us compel them to do their duty.

The meeting Wednesday night will probably be attended by members of the city board of trustees and the board of supervisors. The latter received their invitation yesterday and it was ordered placed on file. It will be acted upon this morning and the supervisors will no doubt accept. The members of the Hundred Thousand Club have also been invited and the club will be well represented. It is hoped there will be a large attendance of the members of the chamber, as, having called the meeting, it should make a good showing.

Now that the agitation for good roads has been begun it is hoped it will be kept up. Too many of these movements are like the March wind, which "comes like a lion and goes like a lamb." The economical aspect of the road question should appeal to every farmer and business man, and they ought to combine to take measures for obtaining better results with the money expended for road work than has been the case in the past.

AT THE BARTON.

An Excellent Entertainment by the Wizard Oil Company.

Hamlin's Wizard Oil company gave its first performance at the Barton last night, and was greeted by a good-sized house. The entertainment was excellent, and well worth the prices of admission.

The company will play every evening during the week. It has a fine male quartet and some good special artists, besides a funny little man who is only 3 feet 4 inches high.

Supervisor Rose and brother, Horticultural Commissioner Rose, left last evening for Selma to be initiated into the mysteries of the A.O.U.W.

$25 Reward.

$25 reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of each person found throwing baling wire or hoops, or any other matter over the wires or interfering in any way with the apparatus of the San Joaquin Electric Co.

SAN JOAQUIN ELECTRIC CO.

Will Keep Your Feet Dry.

Get a pair of our men's $3 cork-sole shoes for $2 50. For one week only. Philadelphia Shoe Store, 1937 Mariposa street, near court house park.

Gypsum for fertilizing at C. S. Pierce's lumber yard.

Crescent Bicycle.

This handsome wheel ('97 model) can be seen at Warnekros'.

Notice.

'97 model Cleveland Bicycle, $65. Call and examine at A. U. Warnekros', 1915 Mariposa street.

Grape stakes at C. S. Pierce's lumber yard.

Sanitary Plumbing under our personal supervision. We are all experts. Barrett-Hicks Co.

Not a few who read what Mr. Robert Rowie, of Hollands, Va., has to say below, will remember their own experience under like circumstances: "Last winter I had la grippe which left me in a low state of health. I tried numerous remedies, none of which did me any good, until I was induced to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. The first bottle of it so far relieved me that I was unable to attend to my work, and the second bottle effected a cure." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Smith Bros., corner Hughes hotel.

TAKEN FOR BLANTHER

An Innocent Fresnan Jailed at Hanford.

CONFINED IN A DARK CELL

A. G. Edlund Arrested by Hawkshaws on Suspicion of Being the Murderer.

Andrew Gustaf Edlund has a grievance with a big G.

For two weeks his many friends and acquaintances in this city have missed Andrew Gustaf from his accustomed haunts and wondered what had become of him. Had he eloped, gone to aid the Cuban insurgents, been kidnaped by people passing in an airship, or had he committed suicide?

None of these says Mr. Edlund, and he ought to know. The fact is that Mr. Edlund spent the thirteen days immediately preceding last Sunday in Hanford's vile dungeon. He was subjected to this indignity without having done anything to warrant it. Sunday morning he was given his liberty and he immediately came back to Fresno, full of sorrow and anger.

Mr. Edlund was seen last evening by a REPUBLICAN reporter just after he had dispatched an excellent dinner. He had given full reign to his neglected appetite and his thoughts and utterance were not as clear as they would otherwise have been. He displayed a remarkable reticence at times, too, just when his tale promised to become interesting. As nearly as could be gathered, however, Edlund's story is as follows:

He is in the employ of George Bros., the J-street tailors, and two weeks ago last Saturday he left Fresno for Bakersfield with the intention of drumming up business for his firm. On the train he noticed that two men were eyeing him in a very suspicious manner and he wondered why they displayed such great interest in his appearance. He was soon to know.

When the train reached Goshen the two men came over to Edlund and informed him that he was under arrest and that he would have to go with them. The Fresnan protested against the outrage and wanted to know why he was being arrested. The detectives, for such they proved to be, smiled in a knowing way and answered that it wasn't necessary to tell him that, as he knew all about it. He would have to go with them and that was all about it; if he resisted force would be used.

Edlund was nonplussed, but made the best of the situation, hoping the matter would soon be cleared up and that a brief interruption of his journey would be the greatest inconvenience he would have to suffer. He was taken to Hanford by the private detectives and there handed over to the custody of the sheriff of Kings county.

The sheriff had evidently received instructions to keep him in a dark cell, for it was in such a compartment in which Edlund was confined for three days. On the fourth he was removed to a cell in which there was more light, and he remained there until his release Sunday morning, having spent thirteen days in jail.

Mr. Edlund told a REPUBLICAN reporter that he did not know why he was incarcerated and that the authorities at Hanford had refused to give him any information on that point. By persistent questioning, however, it was elicited that he was suspected of being Blanther, the man who so atrociously murdered a woman in San Francisco some two or three months ago. The woman was an elderly one, who had extended some financial assistance to Blanther. She had considerable money, and the murderous ingrate killed her in order to obtain possession of it. In spite of the most thorough search made by Chief Crowley the fellow has so far succeeded in escaping detection.

It was learned last evening that the "clever" detectives before mentioned had suspected Edlund of being Blanther as far back as early in last December. They shadowed him in the most approved dime novel fashion, but had they taken the trouble to make inquiries about him they would have found out that Andrew Gustaf Edlund is nobody but Andrew Gustaf Edlund. The points of resemblance between Edlund and the murderer appear to be that both have blonde mustaches and both talk English with an accent. Blanther is an Austrian, however, while Edlund is a Swede. Blanther is also a much larger man.

There is no doubt that Edlund was subjected to outrageous treatment, and since his return he has consulted Attorney Dante R. Prince with the view of suing the detectives and those concerned in his detention for heavy damages. He was confined in the dark cell with the view of forcing him to make a confession, but of course Edlund had nothing to confess. Had the authorities at Hanford listened to his protestations and written or telographed to Fresno they could have easily found out that they were detaining the wrong man. As it is, it is likely they will suffer for their carelessness.

Edlund is very well known in Fresno, where he has lived for some years. For quite a time he was a member of the Salvation Army. Two months ago, however, he fell from grace and dropped out of the organization. While somewhat erratic he has many friends, who are indignant at the treatment he received from the detectives and the Hanford authorities.

Edlund said something about having owed $14 when he left Fresno, as if the impression had got out that he left to avoid paying his debts, but this was not the case.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY TAKE Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Baker & Colson refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A Card of Thanks

In behalf of the relatives to the friends and neighbors for their kind help and sympathy during the sickness and death of our beloved one.

C. E. GIBBS.
F. M. BURNHAM AND FAMILY.
J. O. GIBBS AND FAMILY.

Henrietta! Have You Met Her?

Just arrived at the New Palm Garden, opposite the Barton, in company of twenty-five of the newest and latest sheets of music for Ed Schwarz' grand orchestrial Regina music box. The list includes Sousa's "El Capitan," Meyerbeer's "Coronation March," creations of Suppe, Wagner, Rossini, Fritz Pastach and others. Hot commercial lunch between 11.30 and 1.30.

Cope's Tonic Bitters cures loss of Appetite, constipation, indigestion and all stomach troubles. Cope's Tonic Bitters are the best.

The Police Detail.

The following is the police detail for February, as made out by Marshal Woy: Officer Matheson, headquarters, night; Officer Barrett, north of Mariposa street, day; Officer George, south of Mariposa street, day; Officer R. P. Russell, J and K streets, night; Officer Anderson, I and H streets, night; Officer Walton, Chinatown, night; Officer Henry Russell, Chinatown, noon to midnight.

Booming Spinney.

From the Fresno Watchman.

The *Evening Fake* is doing its utmost to secure the re-election of Joseph Spinney as trustee from the Fifth ward.

Superior Court Notes.

The following business was transacted in the superior court yesterday:

BEFORE JUDGE HISLEY, DEPARTMENT 1.

A. G. Loverons vs. F. G. Berry; continued on stipulation till February 18th at 10 a. m.

Louis Rowe vs Walter O. Beatie; trial set for February 11th at 9 a. m.

Firman Church vs. Lorenzo B. Church; dismissed.

Mary E. Caruthers vs. J. M. Hensley; dismissed.

B. H. Barrett vs. O. A. Austin; dismissed.

Fresno county vs. S. C. Lillis et al; dismissed.

Mary L. Austin et al. vs. J. M. Hensley; dismissed.

T. G. Yancey vs. Solomon Lehman; trial February 11th at 9 a. m.

Arthur B. Briggs Company vs. W. M. H. Hartley; trial February 11th at 9 a. m.

San Joaquin Valley Railway Company vs. Charlotte F. Clark et al.; dismissed.

J. M. Wells vs. T. J. Hubbard; trial February 11th at 9 a. m.

John Matthews vs. 76 Land and Water Company; dismissed.

Michael O'Connor vs. William Fahey; dismissed.

W. W. Patterson vs. J. B. McCormick et al; trial February 11th at 9 a. m.

Caroline Melborn vs. Emil Melborn; dismissed.

Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company vs. J. A. Richter et al.; dismissed.

Otto Froelich vs. Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company; dismissed.

L. Einstein vs. Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company; dismissed.

Robert Davis vs. Sweet Flower School District; trial February 11th.

S. P. R. R. vs. E. F. Bernhard et al.; dismissed.

W. E. Potts vs. Equitable Life Assurance Company; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

W. H. Shafer vs. S. J. Mathews et al.; dismissed.

Antonio Sarment vs. Antone Joseph; trial February 11th.

Thomas T. Desmond vs. W. D. Cardwell et al.; dismissed.

German Savings and Loan Society vs. John W. Ferguson et al.; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

Charles Coyle vs. C. Hurley; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

Insolvency of F. S. Briggs; hearing set for February 11th.

Agnes Litton vs. E. D. Vogelsang; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

Houser, Hanon & Knight vs. J. W. Gilstrap et al.; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

T. G. McLoren vs. T. H. Downing; dismissed.

M. Theo Kearney vs. Stephen Babcock et al.; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

Emily Mancourt vs. George O. Evans et al.; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

Fresno Fair Grounds Association vs. J. B. Campbell, trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

William A. Ledbetter vs. J. Bassin; dismissed.

Louis Nathan vs. Frank Duey Jr.; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

J. N. Cox vs. Eliza L. Cox; dismissed.

Sarah E. Wigglington vs. Ng Chuck Tong; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

F. E. Spooner vs. G. H. Hawn et al.; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

H. Graff vs. M. Kohler et al.; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

James H. Powell vs. Mrs. A. A. Davis; trial February 12th at 9 a.m.

J. Hockenberry vs. Fresno Creamery Company; dismissed.

Charles B. Stewart vs. George W. Taft; trial February 10th at 9 a.m.

Market street vs A. O. Eyee et al.; trial February 23d at 9 a.m.

J. O. Eyebey vs. Henry Dewey; trial February 23d at 9 a.m.

J. M. Wells vs. S. Wilkinson et al.; trial February 12th at 9 a.m.

W. S. Hopkins vs. John Erickson; trial March 2d at 9 a.m.

Alex Gordon, administrator, vs. Thos. E. Hughes; trial February 12th at 9 a.m.

H. W. Downing vs. Jay Scott; trial February 17th at 9 a.m.

E. R. Otis vs. E. E. Zimmerman; trial set for February 24th at 9 a.m.

Frank Bales vs. B. Williams; trial February 17th.

Holt Manufacturing Company vs. M. Powell et al.; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

Adolph Eisenberg vs. George C. Bornemann et al.; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

Agnes R. Moore vs. George L. Moore; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

James F. Hall vs. H. M. H. Kuareborg; trial February 11th at 9 a.m.

C. C. Hutchinson, assignee, vs. J. B. Rosenberger et al.; trial February 25th at 9 a.m.

Henry Walters vs. D. Imperatrice et al.; dismissed.

R. H. S. Parkhurst vs. the Savings Bank of Southern California et al.; trial March 2d at 9 a.m.

C. G. Anderson vs. O. M. Thompson; trial February 16th at 9 a.m.

Harry Coleman vs. Fresno Loan and Savings Bank; motion of plaintiff to vacate order of dismissed partially heard and continued one week.

Rose M. Sequeira vs. Antone George Sequeira; motion of plaintiff to strike out portions of cross-complaint taken under advisement.

M. Theo Kearney vs. Katharine T. Bingham; demurrer of plaintiff to cross-complaint argued and taken under advisement.

Joseph T. Goodman vs. A. E. Way et al.; citation of Sam Jackson to turn over certain papers continued till Monday.

Estate of Rawling; continued till Friday at 9 a.m.

BEFORE JUDGE WEBB, DEPARTMENT 2.

F. M. Anderson vs. E. C. Winchell; decree of foreclosure granted.

People vs. Case Colvin; time for settling bill of exceptions continued two weeks.

Farmers Bank vs. B. H. Boren; judgment awarded plaintiff for $695.

People vs. W. A. Sanders; prosecution rests and defense begins introduction of testimony.

PERSONAL.

W. J. Pickett is up from the grant.

E. A. Goble is up from Bakersfield.

Charles Lee is down from Stockton.

W. N. Rohrer is home from San Francisco.

L. L. Cory went to San Francisco this morning.

Archie A. Smith is home from a visit to the bay city.

Mrs. R. O. Peck is spending a few days in Fowler.

Justice W. H. Tucker was up from Selma yesterday.

Frank M. Stone and wife of San Francisco are in town.

J. A. Stroud of Selma had business in Fresno yesterday.

Jeff Davis of Sanger spent yesterday in the county seat.

D. N. Grover of Santa Cruz is in Fresno on business.

James R. Agassiz of Oakland spent yesterday in Fresno.

Judge J. D. Galloway returned yesterday to Sacramento.

W. E. Pimental, a business man of Haywards, is in town.

A. B. Shoemake, a Modesto lawyer, was in town yesterday.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." Sold by C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

THE LAW IN THE WAY.

Why the S. P. Declines to Give Terminal Rates.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN:—In your issue of January 31st there appears in the editorial columns an article headed, "Must Have Terminal Rates." The contention is that on account of its location Fresno is a natural distributing point and should therefore be made a terminal. By this it is presumably meant that Fresno be given the same advantages in rates on westbound commodities in general as are now enjoyed by San Francisco, Stockton, Los Angeles and other so-called terminals.

The writer endeavored to explain to the Hundred Thousand club Thursday evening why it is not possible under the long and short haul clause of the interstate commerce law for this company to make lower rates to Fresno than to any other intermediate point on either its own or any of the connecting lines engaged in the traffic affected. The rates to San Francisco and the other so-called terminals are governed by the controlling force of competition of water carriers operating via Cape Horn and the Isthmus of Panama. The rates obtained from this traffic are low and do not yield a reasonable compensation for the service performed, but as they are the best that can be had it is deemed to this company's interest to accept the traffic rather than to abandon it to the water carriers. The making of a terminal rate is thus not a mere matter of courtesy, but one in which this company is impelled by transportation conditions; accepting the low rates because not practicable to do better, just as a merchant often has to sell his merchandise at prices lower than will pay him a reasonable profit, as witness the war in prices of groceries in which some of our local merchants have recently been engaged.

Under the law whatever rates are made to Fresno on inter-state traffic cannot be exceeded to intermediate points. If, for example, a rate of $1 per 100 pounds were made on hardware from New York city to Fresno it could not be exceeded to intermediate points, such as Madera and Merced on the north and Selma and Tulare on the south. The same conditions would prevail at not only all stations on this company's lines east to Ogden, Portland and El Paso, but the rates now made to meet competition of the water carriers at San Francisco and other terminals are so low that the local rates of our connections east of Mojave, El Paso and Ogden would also be affected.

In connection with this matter of terminal rates I desire to call attention to the fact that on the principal products of the country Fresno and other intermediate points enjoy the full benefit of the low rates made necessary by competition of water carriers. Your raisins, green and dried fruits, as well as oranges are carried to the eastern markets at as low rates as from the most favored point in the state. Wine and canned goods are carried to New York at 60 cents per hundred. This is an exceedingly low an unremunerative rate, but the interior was given the benefit thereof with the expectation that the stimulus thus given the industries would offset the temporary loss.

If any one has any doubt as to whether or not it is under the interstate commerce law possible for this company to make lower rates to Fresno than to intermediate points in some manner as such rates are made to San Francisco and other terminals, I would suggest that a letter of inquiry to the inter-state commerce commission at Washington would settle the matter. Agitation of this question in the manner suggested in your editorial will serve no good end, but will simply create needless antagonism between this company and its patrons, whom it is endeavoring to serve to the best of its ability.

Yours truly, C. H. MARKHAM.
Fresno, February 1, 1897.

A Pipe Line Company.

The Pioneer Pipe Line Company filed articles of incorporation in the county clerk's office yesterday. The directors are Frank Barrett, K. W. Brown, H. H. Barrett, Julia S. Barrett and I. E. Poston, all of Selma. The purpose of the corporation is to pipe, carry, handle, buy and sell petroleum, etc. The principal place of business is Fresno, with branch offices at Coalinga and Los Angeles.

A. P. Darling and wife leave this morning for San Francisco on a visit.

Ready-Made Sheets and Pillowcases.

All sizes Hemmed Sheets of first-class material from 37½c to 55c each.

All sizes Hemmed Pillowcases from 10c to 18c each.

All sizes Hem-stitched Sheets and Pillowcases, splendidly finished, at lowest prices.

1897 Paper Hangings.

We invite a careful inspection of our hundreds of new designs of Wall Papers, which we offer as low as any house in California.

WRITE FOR SAMPLES AND PRICES.

Lewis Einstein & Co.
PIONEER STORE
General Department Stores.

Wood, Wood, Wood!

We are loaded with good, dry wood, and are prepared to sell same at Kings river bottom, in yard at Fresno or delivered to any place in the county.

Dorsey & Parker,

856 I STREET,

Telephone 16. FRESNO.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

The Sisters of Mercy of St. Joseph's Sanitarium, San Diego, are prepared to receive a limited number of young girls, over the age of fifteen years for the nominal sum of five dollars ($5.00) per month. They will be given the opportunity of a plain education and will also be taught plain sewing and the various branches of industry.

For particulars apply to

SISTERS OF MERCY,
St. Joseph's Sanitarium,
San Diego, Cal.

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS,

"974"

The best family medicine. Guaranteed by

Buker & Colson.

THE MINARET GOLD, SILVER AND COPPER MINING CO.

has been incorporated with a capital stock of $200,000, shares of a par value of $1 per share; 100,000 shares have been set aside to be sold for a working capital.

This corporation owns six locations, being 600 feet wide by 4500 feet long, each containing rich deposits of gold, silver and copper.

The company only offers at present 50,000 shares at $1 per share, believing this will be sufficient to place the mines in fine paying condition, in which case the other 50,000 shares will revert to the stockholders.

Persons wishing to purchase any of this stock can do so by calling upon Wiley J. Thurlo, president of the corporation, at his office in the Fiske building, or Thos. E. Hughes, vice president, at the Hughes hotel.

MOUNT TAMALPAIS Military Academy

SAN RAFAEL, CALIFORNIA.

A boarding school for boys. Thorough lar ruction in all English branches, classi ical science. Fifteen teachers. Ragnisics, Army officer detailed by War Department. Accredited by State University. Special attention given to the MORAL and PHYSICAL training of the boys. For information and testimonials address

ARTHUR CROSBY, A. M.,
Head Master.

Madary Planing Mill

M. R. MADARY.

BARLEY BOUGHT, ROLLED & SOLD
Patent Kitchen Tables, $2.75.
Egg Cases, Complete, 65c.
Headquarters for Window Glass.
Rec Men's Supplies a specialty.
Strawberry Baskets and Crates.

PURITY, AGE, MATURITY

DISTILLED, STORED, AND BOTTLED UNDER THE TREASURY AND INTERNAL REVENUE LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE U.S. GUARANTEEING TO THE CONSUMER PURITY, AGE, MATURITY, INDORSED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION FOR TONIC AND STIMULATING PROPERTIES.

CROWN DISTILLERIES CO.
DISTILLERS AND BOTTLERS.
PACIFIC COAST STORES.
120 AND 102 FRONT STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSICIANS.

FOR SALE ONLY AT THE

Old ∵ Palm ∵ Garden,

Opposite the Hughes Hotel.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Superior court of the county of Fresno, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of James L. Purvis, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNdersigned administrator of the estate of James L. Purvis, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, personally, at his office in the court-house, in the county of Fresno, state of California, or at the office of Everts & Ewing, attorneys for said administrator, rooms 2 and 3, First National Bank building, city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California.

Dated January 30th, 1897.

L. H. CHURCH,
Administrator of the estate of James L. Purvis, deceased.
Everts & Ewing, Attorneys for administrator. 10720

Ordinance No. 70.

An ordinance levying a road poll tax and providing for its collection.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE county of Fresno do ordain as follows:

Section 1. A road poll tax of $2 is hereby levied upon each male person, not by law exempt from road poll tax levied by any of the road districts of Fresno county during the year 1897, between the ages of twenty-one and fifty-five years.

Section 2. All road poll taxes shall become delinquent on the first Monday of July, 1897, and thereafter the sum of three dollars shall be due and payable from all persons not exempt therefrom and the persons who are by law required to do road proceed and promptly collect all road poll taxes not having been paid, using if necessary the remedies provided by law.

Section 3. All laws relating to the collection of state poll taxes shall apply to the collection of road poll taxes.

Section 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force on or after the first Monday in March, 1897.

The foregoing ordinance passed this 21st day of January, 1897, by the following vote:

Supervisor Gorman—Aye.
Supervisor Manley—Aye.
Supervisor Rose—Aye.
Supervisor Smith—Aye.
Supervisor Sayre—Aye.

J. H. SAYRE,
Chairman.

Attest: T. G. HART, Clerk.
By J. B. JOHNSON, Deputy Clerk. 12232

Kid Gloves.

We carry the largest and most complete stock of Kid Gloves in Fresno.

OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST WEST OF NEW YORK.

We carry the best $1 Kid Gloves in America.

The Carola in six styles, complete line of sizes in each style, $1 a pair.
5-button Carola, in Tans, Browns and Modes, $1 a pair.
4-button Carola (large buttons), in Tans, Modes and Browns, $1 a pair.
5-button Carola, in Black, $1 a pair.
4-button Carola (large buttons), in Black, $1 a pair.
5-button Carola, in Gray, $1 a pair.
5-hook Carola, in Black, $1 a pair.
5-hook Carola, in Tans, Modes and Brown, $1 a pair.

The above is the strong

COME IN AT THE CLOSE

—AND—

Get the Benefit

—OF OUR—

JANUARY SLAUGHTER SALE PRICES.

Positively the Last Week of the Sale.

A few of the Slaughter Sale Prices, given below, will convince you of how good Standard Staple Merchandise is being slaughtered during this sale:

CALICOES—
Large stock of Calicoes, per yard.....2½c

TENNIS FLANNELS—
Tennis Flannels, good quality, per yard.....3½c

GINGHAMS—
Apron Ginghams, all colors, per yard.....3c

GERMAN LINENS—
72 in. double Damask, sold at $1.50, now.....95c

IRISH DAMASK—
68 in. pure Linen, regular price 75c, at.....52c

GERMAN LINENS—
62 in. Damask, extra good goods, worth 75c, at.....50c

BEDSPREAD—
Our best $1.25 Honeycomb Bedspread at.....95c

SILKS—
A full line of all colors, 21-inch Japanese Silks, our 35c quality, reduced to.....20c

FANCY SILK—
A very pretty line of Fug Changeable Silks, worth 75c, reduced to.....37½c

BLACK DRESS GOODS—
46in. All-Wool English Storm Serge, our 65c quality, reduced to..35c

BLACK DRESS GOODS—
Our 60c quality of Fog Mohairs reduced to.....40c

BLACK DRESS GOODS—
All our 75c and 85c French Novelty Black Dress Goods reduced to.....50c

FANCY DRESS GOODS—
Fancy Dress Goods reduced from 20c to.....10c
Fancy Dress Goods reduced from 25c to.....15c
Fancy Dress Goods reduced from 35c to.....20c
Fancy Dress Goods reduced from 45c to.....25c
Fancy Dress Goods reduced from 50c to.....30c
Fancy Dress Goods reduced from 60c to.....35c

CLOAKS AND JACKETS—
The balance of this year's Jackets, Cloaks and Capes slaughtered to one-quarter of their value.

MILLINERY—
The entire Winter stock of Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Feathers, Ornaments and everything in the Millinery line practically given away.

KID GLOVES—
Ladies' Dress Kid Gloves reduced from $1.25 to.....85c

LADIES' WOOL HOSE—
Reduced from 35c to.....20c

Ladies' and Children's Cotton Hose—
Reduced from 10c to.....5c

LADIES' COTTON HOSE—
Reduced from 20c to.....10c
Reduced from 25c to.....16⅔c
Reduced from 35c to.....20c

CHILDREN'S RIBBED HOSE—
Reduced from 20c to.....10c
Reduced from 25c to.....12½c

LADIES' WRAPPERS—
Reduced from 75c to.....50c
Reduced from $1 to.....75c
Reduced from $1.50 to.....$1.10

LADIES' WOOL UNDERWEAR—
Vests and Pants reduced from $1 to.....55c
Vests and Pants reduced from $1.50 to.....$1

LADIES' KNIT DRAWERS—
Reduced from 50c to.....20c

Our entire line of Winter Underwear for Ladies and Children will be closed out this week regardless of price.

MEN'S SOCKS—
Good heavy Socks.....4c

WHITE SHIRTS—
Fine Laundried White Shirts.....30c

SUSPENDERS—
Fine Embroidered, the best 25c Suspenders, per pair.....15c

MEN'S BUSINESS SUITS—
A good durable Men's full Suit of Clothes.....$3.75

MEN'S STYLISH SUIT—
Fine All-Wool Tweed, 6 different patterns.....$5.15

MEN'S CHEVIOT SUITS—
All-Wool Cheviot Suits, in gray, black or brown.....$6.25

FINE DRESS SUITS—
English Clay Worsted, fine black dress suits, in frocks or round cut.....$7.85

CHILDREN'S SHOES—
Sizes 1 to 5, fine kid, turn soles.....40c

CHILDREN'S SHOES—
Spring Heels, sizes 4 to 8, turn sole, patent tip, Dongola kid.....65c

SCHOOL SHOES—
Misses' and Boys' best quality school shoes, either calf or goat, price.....$1.10

MISSES' DRESS SHOES—
Either in cloth or kid top, patent tips, sizes 11 to 2.....$1.25

LADIES' SHOES—
Good Kangaroo Calf, best shoe in the market for wear.....$1.35

MEN'S CALF DRESS SHOE—
Genuine Calf and best made, sewed, all styles.....$2.00

MEN'S SHOES—
Congress or Lace, a splendid shoe.....$1.25

EVERY PIECE OF GOODS IN THE HOUSE IS MARKED DOWN. SEE OUR SHOW WINDOWS.

White Front Stores

RADIN & KAMP,

1027, 1029 and 1031 I Street.

ONLY A JEW'S HARP.

MEN WHO DREW HARMONY FROM THIS SIMPLE INSTRUMENT.

One Performer Used Sixteen Jews' Harps in Giving One Selection—Differing Views of the Derivation of the Instrument and Its Name.

It is very certain that, whatever the derivation may be, it (the Jew's harp) has little or no special affinity to the Jewish race, though it is of extremely ancient date. Its introduction into England cannot be traced, but the term is clearly a corrupted form of the French jeu'trompe, literally a toy trumpet, but the corruption of jeu into Jew is evidently of a good age. Perhaps it was a jeu d'esprit. Timbs, in his "Popular Error," says that the instrument is called a Jew's harp by Hakluyt. Bacon called it jeu-trumpe, while jeu-trump is used by Beaumont and Fletcher. In Bailey's Dictionary (1788) will be found "Jews harp, an instrument of musick." The substitution of "harp" commonly for "trump" is apparently a later growth, although, of course, Hakluyt points to an early use. In all probability the French origin of the term is the correct one and "jaws-harp" may have been the matter of fact name invented by the country folk among whom it circulated—maybe through the efforts of the chapman and the packman. Brewer is very brief on the subject. He confines himself to the statement that "the best players on this instrument have been Koch, a Prussian soldier under Frederick the Great, Kunert, Amstein and some others." He makes no mention of Eulenstein, who may be said to have been the master of all players.

The celebrated Stepimnio Felicite (countess de Genlis) in her memoirs tells us a great deal about Koch, the German player, which is worth recording. This soldier, who is described as a "musician," was in the service of Frederick the Great, and, being fond of relieving the tedium of sentry go, he used to practice on the Jew's harp with considerable skill. One night Frederick, who was an amateur musician, heard what he thought was a distinct orchestra under his window, when he discovered that the sounds came from one of his privates. Surprised on learning that such wonderful effects could be produced by a single man with two Jews' harps, he ordered the player into his presence. He was duly presented to the king the following morning and performed, to the delight and satisfaction of his majesty, who rewarded Koch with $50 and gave him his discharge that he might devote his time and attention to the advance of his talent.

Koch had not the slightest knowledge of music, but owed his ability to natural taste and instinct. He made quite a fortune traveling about and performing in public and private and retired to Vienna, where he lived until long past the age of 90. He died about 1830. He used two harps at once, in "the same manner as the peasants of the Tyrol," and produced without doubt the harmony of two notes struck at the same moment, which was considered by the musically curious as something extraordinary when the limited powers of the instrument were remembered. Herr Koch had a fine idea of theatrical effect, for it was his custom to require that all the lights should be extinguished in order that the illusion produced by his playing might be increased.

Another German, a peasant and herdsman named Eulenstein, about the beginning of this century devoted his attention to the cultivation of the jew's harp, softening and enriching the tone of this "twanging" instrument into almost perfect harmony. Indeed Eulenstein acquired a musical reputation from the way he manipulated this meager and not overagreeable instrument. The jew's harp, usually despised and ignored, possesses three different tones—the bass tones of the first octave have some resemblance to those of the flute and clarinet; those of the middle and high to the vox humana of some organs; lastly, the harmonical sounds are exactly like those of the harmonicon. It is conceived that this diversity of tone, quotes The Mirror (1827), affords already a great variety in the execution, which is always looked upon as being feeble and trifling on account of the smallness of the instrument. It was not thought possible to derive much pleasure from any attempt which could be made to conquer the difficulties of so limited an instrument, because, in the extent of three octaves, there were a number of spaces which could not be filled up by the talent of the player. Besides the most ample modulation is impossible. Herr Eulenstein remedied the inconvenience by joining 16 jew's harps, which he tuned in his own special way, and so performed his selection by changing the harps with extreme rapidity, always keeping one harp in advance, so as not to interrupt the measure. He became so proficient that he was able to execute with grace and ease, running over four octaves, many quite difficult Italian, French and German pieces. He was induced by the Duke of Gordon in 1828, who was delighted with his performances, to tour in Scotland, where the Jew's harp is still rather popular.

Eulenstein also visited the chief towns of England, and drew crowds to hear his novel entertainment in London. It is presumed that he returned to his own country about 1833. Since then the Jew's harp seems to have fallen into disrepute, and its position as a serious means of musical enjoyment is no longer admitted.—London Standard.

Unique.

"What do you think of my French, Jules?" I asked of my Paris guide.

"It ees wonderful, madame," he replied courteously. "In all my life before I never have heard anysing like it."—Household Words.

Women and Parliament.

There seems to be still a chance for those few members of our sex who covet the right to sit in parliament. It appears that, in the views of some who are qualified to form an opinion on such matters, the supply of parliamentary candidates is decreasing, and the decline is likely to become still more serious as those who are eligible for such service come to realize more and more the inadequacy of the reward which the life of an "M. P." offers, as compared with the trouble and expense necessary to secure election. But if the supply of male candidates fail there will be nothing for it but to fall back upon the "emancipators" of our sex, who may thus be provided with an opportunity of rushing in where the male creature refuses any longer to tread.—Lady's Pictorial.

Mrs. Avery Is Not Wealthy.

Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery, while attending the recent executive meeting of the Woman's National Council in Boston, was described by some of the papers as a woman worth $3,500,000. A few years ago Mrs. Avery had abundant means and gave liberally to the suffrage cause. A few years hence she is likely to have abundant means again and will then no doubt contribute with her usual generosity. But we have the best authority for saying that, through certain business complications, Mrs. Avery is at present the reverse of rich. The newspaper report about her millions, by which many women would have been flattered, has been a cause of sorrow to her, as it has brought her many applications to which she is quite unable to respond.—Boston Letter.

The Fourth Star.

The supreme court of Idaho has decided that the woman suffrage amendment is carried. Any other decision would have been clearly unjust, since the vote in favor of the women was nearly two to one. The political equality clubs can now take out the stars which they had prepared to sew upon the suffrage flags for California and sew them on for Idaho. We have our fourth star, after all.—Boston Woman's Journal.

The disposition to utilize all unusual and foreign products is illustrated in the chairs seen in some shops. They are made of the plaited Malay mats, mounted, to form a sweeping back, upon an American frame. They suitably contribute to the odd and artistic furniture which abounds in these days.

PERSONAL.

W. D. Tupper and D. D. Allison have returned from the coast.

Miss Stinson of San Jose is visiting Miss Elsie Smith of this city.

Lewis H. Smith has returned from a business trip to San Francisco.

O. L. O'Brien of Edina, Mo., is among the eastern visitors in Fresno.

W. D. Gallagher and wife and E. Lee Hall of Minneapolis are spending a few days in Fresno.

L. B. Dewey of Joliet, Illinois, arrived here last week. He is looking over the country with a view to locating here.

County Superintendent Kirk went to Reedley last evening to visit the schools there today. Tomorrow he will visit Sanger.

Harry Wilson and wife returned last evening from Byron, where they went to attend the funeral of the former's brother, Charles Wilson. Mr. Wilson's brother was kicked in the groin by a horse last Wednesday and succumbed to his injury Friday. He was 35 years old.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY TAKE Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Baker & Colson refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Improved Chilled and John Deere Steel Plows,

Extras to fit Oliver, John Deere, Imperial and Princess Plows. Fresno Agricultural Works. *

Fruit and Grain Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 1.—The following are prices furnished by the San Francisco Fruit Exchange. Jobbing:

DRIED FRUIT.

Apricots—Fancy, Moorparks, 13c; choice do, 12c; fancy do, 10c; choice, 8½c; standard, 7c; prime, 6½c.

Apples—Evaporator 5¾c, sun dried 2¾c.

Peaches—Fancy, 6½c; choice, 5½c; standard, 5c; prime, 4½c; peeled in boxes, 12½c.

Pears—Fancy halves, 6½c; fancy quarters, 5½c; choice, 4¾@5c; standard, 4c; prime, 2½@3c.

Plums—Pitted, 4½c; unpitted, 1½c.

Prunes—Four sizes, 3¾c.

Nectarines—Fancy 5½c, choice 4½c, standard 4c.

Figs—Choice white 4c, do black 3c, fancy white figs in 10-lb boxes 65@70c.

Raisins—Jobbing prices: In sacks or 50-lb boxes—Four-crown, loose, 5¾c per pound; 3-crown, 4¾c; 2-crown, 3¾c; seedless Sultanas, 5¾c; seedless Muscatels, 4½c.

In 20-lb boxes—3-crown London layers, $1.30 per box; clusters, $1.60; Dehesia clusters, $2.75; Imperial clusters, $3.25.

GRAIN.

Wheat — Firmer; December, $1.22; May, $1.10½.

Barley—Steady; May, 78½c.

Corn—Large yellow, 75@77½c.

Bran—California, $12.50@13 per ton.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following real estate transfers were recorded yesterday:

The California Savings and Loan Society to the San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley Railway Company, right of way through the e½ of w¼ of sec 36, t 15, r 20; $10.

Kate H Sherer to same, right of way through lot 6 of the Wittram colony; $10.

Helen A McClellan et vir to same, right of way through certain parcel of land in sw¼ of sec 11, t 15, r 20; $10.

Frances A Bean to same, right of way through parcel of land in sw¼ of sec 11, t 14, r 20; $10.

Antone Borel to same, right of way through lot 7 in Wittram colony; $10.

California Savings and Loan Society to same, right of way through lots 85 and 92 of the Malaga tract; $10.

J R Dixon to same, right of way through se¼ of nw¼ of sec 22, t 14, r 21; $10.

Oakland Bank of Savings to same, right of way through sw¼ of sec 18, t 16, r 21; $10.

The Balfour-Guthrie Investment Company to same, right of way through nw¼ of sec 18, t 16, r 21; $10.

Charles Alischul to same, right of way through lots 229 to 232 and 277 to 280 in Washington colony; $10.

W H Shafer and P E Shafer to same, right of way through 85 of sw¼ of sec 14, t 15, r 22; $1.

B C Brown et al to the County of Fresno, right of way for a public road through sw¼ of nw¼ of sec 25, t 14, r 16; $1.

A Y Thomas to S J Curry, lot 6 in blk 8 of Clovis city; $100.

Charles C James et ux to George E Butler and F B Bigham, se¼ of sec 24, t 18, r 18; $180.

H O Marshall, administrator of the estate of O F McConnel, deceased, to John A Weyrick and Jacob Harschenmeier, lot 1 in blk 2 of Temperance colony; $800.

Edward C Hany to Joseph A Hangh and William O Nokes, undivided one third interest in se¼ of sec 17, t 14, r 18; $300.

Thurlow McMullin to the County of Fresno, a triangular piece of land containing .021 of an acre in ne¼ of sec 21, t 15, r 18; $1.

H F Shepherd et al to Orville Teague et ux to H Y Thomas, lot 5 in blk 8 of Clovis city; $400.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

A WOMAN WHO INVENTS AND DOES OTHER THINGS WELL.

Women as Shipping Clerks—Octavia Williams Bates—The Breakfast Jacket—International Woman's Congress—Working Girls' Clubs.

The first woman who has invented any mechanical appliance relating to the bicycle is Mrs. Sadie W. Bodine of New York city.

An invention for women by a woman has a practical ring to it, and an enthusiastic wheelwoman is bound to know the needs of her fellow wheelwomen as no mere man could, however laudable his intentions. In riding a wheel Mrs. Bodine found that the greatest drawback to her comfort was her inability to keep her skirt from being blown about with the wind, no matter how substantial the material used or how heavily it was weighted. She set

MRS. SADIE BODINE.

about to design some contrivance for her own convenience, and a clever invention was the result.

Mrs. Bodine comes honestly by her knack of inventing useful contrivances. She is a great-great-granddaughter of Gethro Wood, the inventor of the cast iron plow and the metal door lock. Her father, the late Albert H. Wood, made some of the most valuable inventions in pinno forks and was the first to introduce rubber into their construction.

Mrs. Bodine's first invention was an improved variety of sewing machine needles. Besides her ingenuity in mechanical lines, she is well known as a decorator and furnisher of artistic apartments, and has written several popular topical songs. This remarkably versatile woman has seen but a quarter of a century, and possesses a charm of manner and grace of person that are somewhat difficult to associate with machinery and patent offices.—New York Tribune.

Women as Shipping Clerks.

One of New York's biggest dry goods merchants demonstrates his faith in woman's executive ability. From basement to roof his establishment is almost entirely under feminine control.

The delivery department was the first one intrusted to the care of the gentler sex, its success inviting others to follow. The young woman superintendent is not masculine in her appearance. She has entire charge of this department, engaging and discharging help at her pleasure. She is personally responsible to the firm for the correct delivery of all goods purchased in the store.

Directly under her supervision come 18 delivery wagons, as many drivers and between 25 and 30 boys. There are also a number of shipping clerks assisting her in various ways and between 10 and 12 packers.

Personally she must arrange the routes and assign them to the drivers, listen to all complaints and smooth out difficulties arising therefrom. What she is a very unassuming little person.

"You know, I am merely a wage earner, that's all. Yes, I believe my place is rather unusual, but not more so than many of the other young women's here," were her replies to questions. "I have complete charge of my department, but do not find the work too laborious. Of course I employ as many of my own sex as possible, and things generally run very smoothly. Women are more reliable, I believe, in their business relations than men. That is why they are preferred here."

Among 50 women employed in superior places in the main office of the firm there was scarcely a plain face.—New York Sun.

Octavia Williams Bates.

Miss Octavia Williams Bates of Detroit enjoys the unique distinction of being president of the postgraduate law class of the University of Michigan. The honor is the greater as the law class to graduate this school year will be the first to complete the new four years' course. The presidency of the law classes is as eagerly sought as any political office. There are but three or four women in the law department, and Miss Bates is leader of the coterie. She has been honored before by minor offices in her class. Her present experience at the university is not her first. She was one of the first women to enter, and in 1877 she took the degree of bachelor of arts.

Regarding her first experience, Miss Bates has said, "When I entered the university, as the higher education of women was still in its experimental stage, I anticipated a great deal that would be difficult and hard to bear; but, having determined to secure a thorough education, I nerved myself to endure all things to that end." She says that she soon found herself having a good time.

She is taking the law course, not with the idea of practicing law, but that she may be able to disentangle legal knots in her own business and may be able to put her knowledge to use in the interest of women. Miss Bates has been president of the Woman's club of Detroit, has been a member of the board of directors of the Association for the Advancement of Women and a member of the board of directors of the General Federation of Women's Clubs.

The Breakfast Jacket.

The breakfast jacket this season has taken the place of the breakfast gown. It is made of a variety of materials and is worn generally with a skirt to match. The most inexpensive are made of flannelette, and the most costly of silk. Some of the elaborate ones, with a skirt to match, are almost as expensive as a party gown. The silk skirt is trimmed with lace ruffles and the jacket made with a lace bolero. But for everyday wear the breakfast jacket of flannelette is the most serviceable. One dainty French model recently seen was of pale violet flannelette, trimmed with baby ribbon in deep violet. The jacket was made with a full loose front and a bolero of coarse cream lace. The yoke was striped with lines of the baby ribbon, which in the center were fastened in a knot with many loops. The collar was a high frill of violet silk, edged with three rows of the ribbon velvet. The sleeve was made with a short puff at the shoulder, which was finished with five rows of the ribbon wound about the arm and then tied in a bow. The deep cuff of the sleeve was made of two lace frills and headed by rows of baby ribbon.

The skirt to be worn with this jacket was made of flannelette of the same color. A deep flounce of violet silk finished it at the bottom. The flounce was almost entirely covered by rows of the baby velvet ribbon in the dark shade of violet. Cashmere breakfast jackets trimmed with lace are also very pretty. They may be worn with a skirt to match, or one of silk. One seen recently was of bright scarlet cashmere trimmed with black lace insertions and narrow black velvet ribbons.—Chicago Times-Herald.

International Woman's Congress.

The international woman's congress, which met last September in Berlin has been a wonderful success. It has been a genuine revelation in the German community. The tone of the press has undergone a complete change. Instead of flippant sarcasm or serious disapproval the newspapers are now animated by a friendly spirit. The women and their doings are treated with respectful attention. The calm and dignified tone of the discussions has won universal approval. The New York Nation says:

Even the exchange of views between the Socialdemokratinnen and the more conservative majority of the participants in the congress did not lead to intemperance of language or exhibitions of violent antagonism, a circumstance with which foreign delegates have been favorably impressed. English and French delegates have expressed their surprise at the remarkable self control and matter of fact ways of the German women. The latter, in their turn, are deriving from occurrences at the congress encouragement for the future reconciliation of the classes through the mediation of women. One of their special objects of agitation just now is the revision by the new reichstag two years hence of certain sections of the new civil code of the empire, which will not take effect till the year 1900.

Working Girls' Clubs.

There is a federation comprising 23 working girls' clubs of Boston and vicinity. The work of one of these clubs, the Shawmut, was described by Miss Edith M. Howe at a recent meeting of the good citizenship class:

For the past year the club has interested itself especially in the outside lives of the working women.

An investigation of the moral conditions in which they are placed has been carried on. Factory girls have been most ready to report, and their reports have in general been much more favorable than those of girls employed in stores, but even here girls of innate purity of character and motive are safe, with a few exceptions. Only one or two employers were found in Boston who subjected girls to extraordinary temptations, and against these men working girls were warned.

Some of the girls rather resented this sort of investigation and asked why the club workers did not do something practical, such as taking measures for the bettering of wages and the obtaining of shorter hours. In consequence the subject of early closing was agitated, and an organization was formed among the women, similar to the beneficial association of young men clerks, with a membership of over 100.

Women and Money Matters.

It has often been noted that women are more honorable in money matters than men, and that it is far less rare to have a small loan paid back by a woman than by a man. This fact, again, appears to us to be fully explained by the trustee theory of woman's attitude toward money. Women are not honester in other things than men, but the notion of money being a trust overrides and dominates other considerations. The man who borrows is very apt to forget all about the matter. The woman who borrows feels that a double ruin waits with the money, and she cannot rest till she has repaid it. No doubt there are here also many exceptions, because there are many bad women, but at least it is safe to say that women are far less careless about money matters than men, and therefore less likely to commit the small acts of pecuniary dishonorableness which come from negligence. Take it as a whole, women are more careful about money matters than men and attach more importance to money; hence it happens that they never make great fortunes, seldom go bankrupt, and generally are rather more scrupulous than men in small pecuniary transactions.—London Spectator.

Heroism in Women.

Miss Mona Barrows, a young teacher in the Home For Feeble Minded Children, Vineland, N. J., rescued a boy of 14 from the flames when the home was destroyed by fire recently. She had helped to guide the children out of the blazing home, and, discovering that the boy had been forgotten in his room, she dashed into the building, ascended to his room and by main force and against his will carried him into the open air. In performing this heroic feat Miss Barrows was seriously injured and is now under the care of a physician.

The Newark Advertiser says: "Heroism of men is recognized and rewarded by the national, state and municipal governments. The federal government gives medals to life savers and has a host of pensioners on its rolls. The state has voted medals and pensions for heroic acts or injuries received in the performance of duty. Municipalities have their methods of rewarding heroism in men. The state of New Jersey has the opportunity now to honor heroism in women."

A Serious, Earnest Woman.

Mrs. Lucinda H. Stone, whose pioneer work in Michigan along suffrage, educational, journalistic and club lines has won her golden opinions, is spending the winter in Washington, the honored guest of a former pupil, Mrs. Blount, who is prominent in club and intellectual life in that city. In a letter to the Charlotte (Mich.) Tribune Mrs. Stone writes interestingly of distinguished persons she has recently met and says: "There was Mrs. Warren, wife of Senator Warren of Wyoming, with whom I had a very interesting conversation on the Wyoming subject, woman suffrage, in which she is an enthusiastic believer. She is a fine looking woman and very interesting—a serious, earnest woman, who talks because she has something to say; believes in woman suffrage because she believes in women; that they are the mother heart of the nation and just as necessary to it as the individual heart is to the individual person."

China Closet Hints.

Irregular edges are in favor for plates, saucers and all sorts of dishes except cups. They are, so far, smooth edged.

White and gold china is enjoying as much popularity as in our grandmothers' day, the plain gilt band being now, as then, the favorite decoration. Filigree borders are also seen, and gilt monograms of varying degrees of ornateness are set in the center of the dishes.

Gray china is one of the season's novelties. Another is a peculiar faint green known as Flemish.

All the new coffee and tea cups are in the low bowl shapes, with outturned tops. The after dinner coffee cups are smaller than ever. In the heart shape they are very dainty.

EASE IN THE SENATE.

MODERN COMFORT FOR STATESMEN AND VISITORS.

System of Improved Ventilation Adopted. Theater Chairs in the Galleries For the Comfort of Lookers On—Old Tradition Abolished—New Changes In the House.

When congress reassembled, a marked change was noted in the senate chamber. A complete revolution in heating and ventilating has taken place, under the direction of Dr. Woodbridge of the Boston School of Technology. The unsightly brass and iron ventilators which scarred the senatorial carpets and caused intermittent chills and fevers to creep up the rheumatic limbs of senators have been banished, and fresh air comes into the chamber through perforations in the supports of the desks, at a temperature of about 72 degrees, escaping into the aisles or spaces between the various desks.

In the galleries the greatest transformation has occurred. The old time, straight back benches have been removed, and handsome mahogany framed theater chairs with maroon colored leather backs and seats have been substituted. Each chair is provided with air chambers and perforations on the side.

The uniformity of the gallery seats wipes out the "class distinction" that hitherto prevailed in favor of the diplomatic and executive galleries. For many years past the upholstering in the diplomatic and executive galleries was a bright blue, while the coloring in the public galleries was a light gray. Now, although the dividing lines are maintained, the furnishing of all the galleries is the same and in harmony with the mahogany effect upon the floor below.

Under the new ventilating system it will not be easy to move the desk at will, as heretofore. The ventilating apparatus is a part of the desk, and to move the desk would require a general mutilation of the flooring.

The effect prevailing in the chamber is heightened by the substitution of mahogany doors with frosted glass panels for the yellow pine frames covered with a bilious green covering, which opened into the cloakrooms and the lobbies. The rich green and gold carpet has been replaced upon the floor of the chamber, forming a harmonious groundwork for the highly polished mahogany desks and square backed, leather covered chairs.

Sergeant-at-arms Bright has succeeded in demolishing a long cherished tradition. The senate now contains chairs of but a single pattern. Previous to last session it was the custom of each senator to consult his individual preference in selecting the style of chair he would occupy. The result was an unsightly mixture of mahogany, oak, walnut, cane bottoms and haircloth chairs scattered about the chamber, suggesting a job lot auction room rather than the dignified United States senate.

Electricity has replaced the gas jets in the ceiling and the galleries—in fact, throughout the senate wing—and the electric lighting will reduce the temperature of the building at night at least 10 degrees. The modifications and changes were accomplished at an outlay of something below $65,000.

Aside from the placing of a new piece of carpet in front of the speaker's desk, no material changes have been made in the furnishing of the house of representatives. The officers of the house are anxious that provision should be made at the coming session for a thorough renovation and the introduction of a new system of ventilation and seating similar to that in the senate.

The house has always been slow to assert its independence in providing for its own comfort. The backwardness is due to the fact that its members stand up for election by the people every two years, while senators have only to run the gantlet of a state legislature once in six years. The house appears positively shabby in comparison with the senate chamber at present.—Washington Post.

There is no possible interest any grocer can have in recommending

Trophy

Baking Powder

except to win your good will. He can make more money selling the adulterated kinds.

Tillmann & Bendel, Mfrs.

For Weak Men.

Not cheap, but powerful in its curative strength, and still cheap compared with its cost to doctor bills.

Cheap Electric Belts are like cheap Jewelry. No one ever bought diamonds for the price of glass.

DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT

IS WARRANTED UNDER A FORFEIT OF $5,000 to cure all forms of electric current which can be felt as soon as applied to the body. This current is kept up continually for hours, filling the body completely with vital force and energy. It is a quick and positive cure for all nervous troubles, kidney and similar troubles, Rheumatism, Lame Back, Weak Memory, Sciatica, Varicocele, Impotency and weakness in men or women. Not merely cures as quickly, but surely. It is the cure of electrical application, warranted for two years.

Every town in the United States has one or more people who have been cured by Dr. Sanden's Electric Belt. If you are weak or ailing it is the quickest remedy to use. Full information and names of hundreds cured can be found in Dr. Sanden's book, "Three Classes of Men," which we will send, by mail, free, sealed, by mail.

DR. A. T. Sanden, Box A, 632 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

"VALLEY ROAD."

THE SAN FRANCISCO AND SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY RAILWAY CO.

Passenger train time table:

Daily, including Sunday. From Stockton.	Towards Stockton. Daily, including Sunday.
7.20 a. m. ....Stockton, Weber Ave....	5.40 p. m.
7.30 a. m. ....Stockton, Center St....	5.50 p. m.
*7.45 a. m. ....Burnham.....	*5.19 p. m.
8.11 a. m. ....Easton.....	4.51 p. m.
*8.15 a. m. ....Harrold.....	*4.48 p. m.
8.30 a. m. ....Claston.....	4.31 p. m.
*8.37 a. m. ....Empire.....	*4.24 p. m.
8.45 a. m. ....Hughson.....	4.16 p. m.
8.59 a. m. ....Elmwood.....	4.03 p. m.
*9.11 p. m. ....Gracey.....	*3.26 p. m.
9 20 a. m. ....Merced.....	3.14 p. m.
*10.00 a. m. ....Turner.....	*3.00 p. m.
*10.08 a. m. ....Geneva.....	*2.53 p. m.
10.22 a. m. ....La Grand.....	2.40 p. m.
10.33 a. m. ....Marguerite.....	2.27 p. m.
10.44 a. m. ....Sharon.....	2.16 p. m.
*10.52 a. m. ....Miller.....	*2.09 p. m.
11.07 a. m. ....Lankershim.....	1.55 p. m.
11.18 a. m. ....Patterson.....	*1.45 p. m.
*11.35 a. m. ....Ballard.....	*1.28 p. m.
11.50 a. m. ....Fresno, Kern St.....	1.10 p. m.

*Stops only on signal or to leave passengers.

Steamboats of the California Navigation and Improvement Co. making connections with these trains will leave Washington Street Wharf, Pier 3, San Francisco, at 6 p. m. daily, and Stockton at 6 p. m. daily.

JOHN MOSS, Traffic Manager.
San Francisco, January 1, 1897.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY

TRAINS LEAVE FRESNO AS FOLLOWS:

Commencing January 1, 1897.

2:20 A.M.—LOS ANGELES EXPRESS—Daily for Santa Barbara, Los Angeles and intermediate points.

2:50 A.M.—SAN FRANCISCO EXPRESS—Daily. For Goshen, Stockton, Newman, San Francisco, Sacramento, Ogden and East.

4:13 A.M.—SUNSET LIMITED—Wednesday and Sunday. For Los Angeles, El Paso, New Orleans and the East.

5:40 A.M.—FRESNO PASSENGER—Daily. For Merced, Modesto, Lathrop and all way stations; also for Tracy, Port Costa, Oakland and San Francisco.

5:58 A.M.—SUNSET LIMITED—Thursday and Sunday. For San Francisco.

9:30 A.M.—MIXED TRAIN—Monday, Wednesday and Friday only. For Porterville and way stations. Porterville to Famoso on Wednesday only.

3:35 A.M.—MIXED TRAIN—Daily. For Fowler, Selma, Kingsburg, Goshen Junction, connecting at Goshen Junction with mixed train for Hanford, Armona, Tulare, Bakersfield and all way stations.

3:30 A.M.—SUNSET EXPRESS—Daily via Merced and Lathrop; connects at Berenda from Raymond (Yosemite), at Lathrop for Stockton, Sacramento and the East via Ogden and Portland.

9:00 A.M.—MIXED TRAIN—Daily except Sunday. For Lathrop and all way stations.

9:30 A.M.—MIXED TRAIN—Daily except Sunday. For Fellenky and all way stations. Arrives at Fresno returning at 1.10 p.m.

2:40 P.M.—RAYMOND PASSENGER—Daily for Madera, Berenda and Raymond.

5:30 P.M.—PASSENGER TRAIN—Daily. For Sanger Junction, Reedley, Porterville and way stations.

5:50 P.M.—NEW ORLEANS EXPRESS—Daily. For Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Riverside and the east via El Paso and New Orleans.

MITCH GRAY, Gen. Traffic Manager.
E. H. GOODMAN Gen. Pass. Agent.

Atlantic & Pacific RAILROAD.

SANTA FE ROUTE.

This popular line for summer and winter travel is the most popular transcontinental line with all classes. With its TEN THOUSAND miles of track operated through TEN different states and territories, having carried TEN MILLION people, who will attest to its popularity.

Pullman Palace and Pullman Tourist Sleepers of the latest design run daily between Fresno and Chicago without change. These tourist sleepers are newly upholstered, have marble washbowls and separate toilets, and are but little inferior to Pullman palace cars.

Every Tuesday night the Santa Fe Route runs excursions through to Boston without change.

The Grand Canyon of the Colorado can be reached by no other line.

Ticket office, 1326 Norfposs street, Grand Central Hotel building, Fresno.

W. J. SKATTUCK, Agent

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Supervisors of Fresno county, state of California, will receive sealed proposals for the construction of a county orphanage, according to the plans and specifications, submitted by McDougall Brothers, architects, and adopted by said board, on the 9th day of December, 1896, and now on file in the office of the clerk of said board.

Bids will be received up to and including Tuesday, the 16th day of February, 1897, at 2 o'clock p. m. at the office of said board, at the court house, city of Fresno, county of Fresno, California.

Each proposal must be accompanied by coin or certified check, in the sum of one thousand dollars, made payable to the order of the Board of Supervisors of Fresno county, California, which shall be forfeited to the county, as liquidated damages, should such proposal be accepted, and the bidder fail to enter into a contract with the board within ten days after such proposal shall have been accepted.

The successful bidder shall within ten days, after the contract shall have been awarded, enter into a bond with the county, in an amount equal to fifty per cent. of the contract price, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract.

Bids must be sealed in envelope, and directed to the clerk of the board of supervisors of Fresno county, and indorsed "Bids for the construction of a county orphanage."

Further information may be received upon application to the clerk of said board.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids, if the public good so requires.

By order of the board.

[SEAL] Attest: T. G. HART, Clerk.
d1160 By J. H. JOHNSON, Deputy.

Notice of Commissioner's Sale Under Decree and Order of Sale.

In the Superior court of the state of California, in and for the county of Fresno.

Edward A. Von Schmidt, plaintiff, vs. Alfred W. Von Schmidt, defendant.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE and order of sale of the Superior court of the county of Fresno, state of California, made and entered on the tenth day of June, 1895, in the above entitled action in said Superior court, wherein the above named plaintiff obtained a judgment and decree and order of sale against the defendant, Alfred W. Von Schmidt, on the tenth day of June, 1895, which said judgment and decree was on the tenth day of June, 1895, recorded in decree book 7 of said court at page 457 et seq., I am commanded as commissioner appointed by said court to sell the following described property situated in said county of Fresno, in the state of California, described as follows, to-wit:

That certain piece or parcel of land situate in said county and state, and described as the northeast quarter of section 19, township 13 south, range 21 east, M. D. B. M.; together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in anywise appertaining.

And also all of the personal property situate upon said real property and described as follows: Ten head of mules, one colt, one set single harness, one set double harness, all plows, harrows, cultivators, and other farming implements on said premises, and the distilling machinery, boiler, pipes, wine presses, barrels, kegs, and other vessels, steam engine and boiler, machinery, tools and implements, and all trays and sweet boxes; all being situate upon and used in connection with the above described real property.

And public notice is hereby given that on Thursday, the eleventh day of February, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon of said day, at the west door of the court house of said county of Fresno, in the city of Fresno, county of Fresno, state of California, I will, as such commissioner, in obedience to such order and decree of sale, sell at public auction the above described property, and all thereof, pursuant to and to satisfy said judgment with interest and costs, to the highest and best bidder for cash, lawful money of the United States.

Dated January 12th, 1897.

M. H. HARRIS,
Commissioner appointed by said court.
F. H. Short, Attorney for plaintiff.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate Under Execution.

Sheriff's Sale No. 7063.

The Farmers' Bank of Fresno (a corporation) vs. The St. Mungo Fruit Growing Company (a corporation.)

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out of the Superior Court of the county of